

GCSE MARKING SCHEME

AUTUMN 2019

GCSE
MATHEMATICS – UNIT 2
HIGHER TIER
3300U60-1

INTRODUCTION

This marking scheme was used by WJEC for the 2019 examination. It was finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conference was held shortly after the paper was taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conference was to ensure that the marking scheme was interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conference, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about this marking scheme.

WJEC GCSE MATHEMATICS

AUTUMN 2019 MARK SCHEME

GCSE Mathematics Unit 2: Higher Tier	Mark	Comments
1. One correct evaluation $3 \le x \le 4$ 2 correct evaluations $3.55 \le x \le 3.75$, one < 37, one > 37. 2 correct evaluations $3.55 \le x \le 3.65$, one < 37, one > 37. $x = 3.6$	B1 B1 M1	Correct evaluation regarded as enough to identify if <37 or >37 . If evaluations not seen accept 'too high' or 'too low'. Look out for testing $x^3 - 3x - 37 = 0$ $ \underline{x} \qquad \underline{x^3 - 3x} $ 3 18 $ 3 \cdot 1 \qquad 20.491 3.2 \qquad 23.168 3.3 \qquad 26.037 3.4 \qquad 29.104 3.5 \qquad 32.375 \qquad 3.55 \qquad 34.08 3.6 35.856 3.65 37.67$
, -		3.7 39.553 3.75 41.48 3.8 43.472 3.9 47.619 4 52
2.(a)		
Throws 20 40 60 80 100 Heads 11 18 24 30 37 Rel. Fq. 0⋅55 0⋅45 0⋅4 0⋅375 0⋅37	B1 B1	
2.(b) (Mid-points are) 4·5, 14·5 and 24·5. (Estimated total =) $3 \times 4 \cdot 5 + 5 \times 14 \cdot 5 + 2 \times 24 \cdot 5 (= 135)$ $\div 10$	B1 M1 m1	F.T. 'their mid-points' if within group.
(Estimated mean =) = 13⋅5	A1	C.A.O.
(Difference = 15·2 - 13·5 =) 1·7	B1	F.T. for difference between 15·2 and 'their derived estimated mean (≠15·2)'. Allow −1·7.
Organisation and Communication. Accuracy of writing.	OC1	For OC1, candidates will be expected to:
Accuracy of writing.	VVI	For W1, candidates will be expected to:

3.(a) -5	D1	
3.(a) -5 3.(b) At least 7 correct plots and no incorrect plot.	B1 P1	F.T. 'their (1,-5)'
3.(b) At least 7 correct plots and no incorrect plot.	"	Allow ± '½ a small square'.
A amouth our to drawn through their plate	C4	
A smooth curve drawn through their plots.	C1	F.T. 'their 8 plots'.
		OR a curve through the 7 given points and (1,–5)
		Allow intention to pass through their plots.
0 ()()	B0	(± 1 small square horizontal or vertical.)
3.(c)(i) Line y + x = 4 drawn.	B2	B1 for a straight line going through(0,4) or (4,0) BUT NOT line $y = 4$ nor line $x = 4$
3(c)(ii) -2·4 AND 3·4	B1	F.T. intersection of 'their curve' with 'their y + x = 4'
		(even for line y = 4) only if exactly two points of
		intersection.
		Must be seen to intersect their curve at two points.
		Allow ± '1 small square'.
4. Sight of 1·25 or 125(%)	B1	Accept sight of n and 1.25n where n may be any
		numerical value e.g. '18 and 22.5'.
<u>n</u> (×100)	M1	$\underline{1}$ (n =1) OR 0.8 implies B1M1.
1⋅25n		1.25
= 80(%)	A1	An answer of 80(%) gains B1M1A1.
5. $MN = 13.5 \times \cos 27$	M2	M1 for cos 27 = \underline{MN}
		13.5
= 12(·0) (cm) ISW	A1	A correct and <u>complete</u> method (e.g. using two
		trigonometric relationships.) M2
		$MN = 12(\cdot 0)(cm) ISW \qquad \qquad A1$
6.		No marks for 'trial and improvement'.
		No marks for an unsupported answer.
Method to eliminate variable	M1	Allow 1 error in one term, not one with equal
e.g. equal coefficients with intention to		coefficients.
appropriately add or subtract'		
First variable found $x = 4$ or $y = -3$.	A1	C.A.O.
Substitute to find the 2 nd variable.	m1	F.T. their '1st variable'.
Second variable found.	A1	
7.(a) $20 \times 15 - \pi \times 4^2$	M1	
× 10	m1	A
2497(·) OR 3000 – 160 π	A1	Accept an answer between 2497 and 2498 inclusive
		OR 2500.
		SC1 for sight of $\pi \times 4^2 \times 10$ OR 160 π
7(1)		(accept 502 to 503 inclusive).
7.(b)	B 4.4	E.T. (the six yeak years in 753)
(Mass =) $2497 \cdot () \times 2 \cdot 4$ OR $2497 \cdot () \times 0.0024$	M1	F.T. 'their volume in (a)'
= 5993.6()(g) OR $5.9936(kg)$	A1	Accept value truncated or rounded to a whole
		number. Ignore units.
6/1/2)	٨.4	E.T. from 'their 5002.6. a' or 'their 5 0026. kg'
6(kg)	A1	F.T. from 'their 5993·6g' or 'their 5·9936kg' ONLY if M1 awarded AND
		'their 5993·6g' > 500g or 'their 5·9936kg' > 0.5kg
		If no marks awarded, allow SC1 for
		(Mass =) 'their volume' × density, where density may
		have incorrect place value e.g. '2497·() × 0·024'
Q Q	B1	Have
8. 8	DI	

9. <u>24 × AC</u> = 84 or equivalent.	M1	
2 AC = 7 (cm)	A1	
$(BC^2 =) 7^2 + 24^2$	M1	F.T. 'their AC'.
BC ² = 625 or (BC =) $\sqrt{625}$ (BC =) 25(cm)	A1 A1	Final answer of BC = 625 is M1A0A0. F.T. √'their 625' provided M1 gained.
, , , ,		
(Perimeter = 24 + 7 + 25 =) 56(cm)	B1	F.T. 24 + 'their AC' + 'their BC' provided at least one M1 mark gained AND 'their BC' > 24.
		Alternative method to find BC
		A correct and complete method (e.g.using two
		trigonometric relationships.) M2 BC = 25(cm) A1
10. $9k^2 - 25n^2$	B1	Allow $9k^2 - k + k - 25n^2$ ISW.
(3k+5n)(3k-5n)	B2	B1 for $(3k 5n)(3k 5n)$
		Mark final answer. Ignore $(3k - 5n)(3k + 5n) = 0$, but penalise -1 for
		further work e.g. $(3k - 5n) = 0$ or $(3k + 5n) = 0$.
11(a)(i). $\frac{x+1+x+2}{2} \times x$ (= 25)	M1	Missing brackets in the expression $\frac{x(x+1+x+2)}{2}$ may
_		be implied later from correct working.
$x^2 + x + x^2 + 2x = 50$		
OR $x(2x + 3) = 50$	m1	
$OR \frac{2x^2+3x}{2} = 25$		
OR $x^2 + 1.5x = 25$		
$2x^2 + 3x - 50 = 0$	A1	
		Must be convincing. If $x = 4$ and $x = 4$ for $x = 2$ and $x = 2$ for $x = 4$ for $x = $
		If m1 awarded for $\frac{2x^2+3x}{2} = 25$, a further
		rearrangement, e.g. $2x^2 + 3x = 50$, must be seen before A1 is awarded.
		Maybe seen in a(i).
11(a)(ii). $x = \frac{-(3)\pm\sqrt{(3)^2-4\times2\times(-50)}}{2\times2}$	M1	Allow one slip in substitution for M1 only , but must be correct formula.
2×2		be correct formula.
$=\frac{-3\pm\sqrt{409}}{1}$		
4	A1	
x = 4.3(059), (x = -5.8(059))	A1	CAO.
(AB=) 5.3(cm) AND (DC=) 6.3(cm)	B1	Answers must be to 1 d.p.
11.(b) $7^2 \times 36.8 \text{ OR } (7 \times \sqrt{36.8})^2$	M1	FT 'their positive x' provided M1 awarded.
$= 1803.2 \text{ (cm}^2)$	A1	Allow 1803 (cm²)
$12. \qquad \frac{42}{360} \times 2 \times \pi \times 7$	M1	
- 49	A1	Or equivalent.
$= 5.1() \text{ OR } \frac{49}{30}\pi$		Allow 5 from correct working.
(Perimeter =) 19·1(cm) OR $14 + \frac{49}{30}\pi$ (cm)	A1	Mark final answer.
30 . ,		FT 'their 5·1(cm)'.
	1	Allow 19 (cm) from correct working.

40. Enlargement with scale factor, 0 and	DO	Danalias 4 for further incorrect stone
13. Enlargement with scale factor <u>-2</u> and centre (<u>4, 4</u>)	B3	Penalise -1 for further incorrect steps.
Centre (<u>4, 4</u>)		Award B2 for reference to any two of 'Enlargement', scale factor '-2' and 'centre (4, 4)'.
		Award B1 for reference to any one of 'Enlargement', scale factor '-2' and 'centre (4, 4)'.
		SC2 awarded for the correct two step transformation from shape A to B, e.g. enlargement SF 2 centre (4, 4), rotation 180° about (4, 4).
14.(a) $\frac{3}{12} \times \frac{2}{11} \times \frac{1}{10}$	M1	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	A1	Accept decimal answer of 0.0045(45)
14.(b) $(1-\text{'three vowels'-'three consonants'})$ $=1-\frac{3}{12}\times\frac{2}{11}\times\frac{1}{10}-\frac{9}{12}\times\frac{8}{11}\times\frac{7}{10}$	M2	M1 for $\frac{3}{12} \times \frac{2}{11} \times \frac{1}{10} + \frac{9}{12} \times \frac{8}{11} \times \frac{7}{10}$ OR $1 - \frac{3}{12} \times \frac{2}{11} \times \frac{1}{10}$ OR $1 - \frac{9}{12} \times \frac{8}{11} \times \frac{7}{10}$
$=\frac{810}{1320} \left(=\frac{27}{44}\right)$ ISW	A1	Accept decimal answer of 0.61(36)
		If no marks award SC1 for an answer of $\frac{972}{1728} \left(= \frac{36}{64} \text{ or } \frac{9}{16} \right)$ ISW from working with replacement.
Alternative method P(Two vowels, one consonant) + P(One vowel, two consonants =)		
$3 \times \frac{3}{12} \times \frac{2}{11} \times \frac{9}{10} + 3 \times \frac{3}{12} \times \frac{9}{11} \times \frac{8}{10}$	M2	M1 for $3 \times \frac{3}{12} \times \frac{2}{11} \times \frac{9}{10}$ OR $3 \times \frac{3}{12} \times \frac{9}{11} \times \frac{8}{10}$ OR
$OR \qquad 3 \times \frac{9}{12} \times \frac{3}{11} \left(\times \frac{10}{10} \right)$		$\frac{3}{12} \times \frac{2}{11} \times \frac{9}{10} + \frac{3}{12} \times \frac{9}{11} \times \frac{8}{10}$
		NB: sight of $\frac{9}{12} \times \frac{3}{11} \times \frac{10}{10}$ gains M1, but $\frac{9}{12} \times \frac{3}{11}$ gains M0.
$=\frac{810}{1320} \left(=\frac{81}{132} \text{ or } \frac{27}{44}\right) ISW$	A1	Accept decimal answer of 0.61(36)
		If no marks, award SC1 for an answer of $\frac{972}{1728} \left(= \frac{36}{64} \text{ or } \frac{9}{16} \right)$ ISW from working with replacement.

15.		FT until 2 nd error for equivalent level of difficulty. Allow sight of multiplication signs within expressions and allow multiplication by 1 at any stage.
$2a^2 - b = a^2b$	B1	and anow maniphodulon by 1 at any stage.
$2a^2 - a^2b = b \text{ OR } -b = a^2b - 2a^2$	B1	FT a formula with three or more terms AND with at least two terms in a^2 .
$a^{2}(2-b) = b \text{ OR } -b = a^{2}(b-2)$	B1	
$a^2 = \frac{b}{2-b} \operatorname{OR} \frac{-b}{b-2} = a^2$	B1	
$a = (\pm) \sqrt{\frac{b}{2-b}} \text{ OR } a = (\pm) \sqrt{\frac{-b}{b-2}}$	B1	
16. $(y =) -f(x)$	B1	
(y =) f(x) - 1	B1	
(y =) 2f(x)	B1	
17. For an attempt to subtract the area of a triangle from the area of square, with use of cosine rule and area of a triangle formula (½absinC).	S1	
(Area of square or CD ² =) $8^2 + 9^2 - 2 \times 8 \times 9 \times \cos 75^\circ$ CD ² = 107.7(30) OR CD = 10.37(9cm) OR CD = 10.38(cm) OR CD = $\sqrt{[107.7(30)]}$	M1 A1	Allow (CD =) $\sqrt{[8^2 + 9^2 - 2 \times 8 \times 9 \times \cos 75^\circ]}$ Allow CD = 10.4 (cm)
Area of square = 107.7(30cm ²)	A1	Allow an answer in the range 107.5(cm ²) to 108.2(cm ²). May be implied in further working.
(Area of triangle =) ½×8×9×sin75°	M1	
= 34.77(cm ²) OR 34.8(cm ²) OR $9\sqrt{6+9}\sqrt{2}$ (cm ²)	A1	Accept an answer in the range 34.6(cm ²) to 35(cm ²).
(Area of the shaded region=)	C 4	
answer in the range of 72.9 (cm²) to 73 (cm²)	B1	CAO.