



Model Solutions

Please write clearly in block capitals.

Centre number

Candidate number

Surname _____

Forename(s) _____

Candidate signature _____

GCSE MATHEMATICS

H

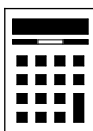
Higher Tier Paper 3 Calculator

Monday 12 November 2018 Morning Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a calculator
- mathematical instruments.



Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You may ask for more answer paper, graph paper and tracing paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer book.

| For Examiner's Use | |
|--------------------|------|
| Pages | Mark |
| 2–3 | |
| 4–5 | |
| 6–7 | |
| 8–9 | |
| 10–11 | |
| 12–13 | |
| 14–15 | |
| 16–17 | |
| 18–19 | |
| 20–21 | |
| 22–23 | |
| 24–25 | |
| 26 | |
| TOTAL | |

Advice

In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.



N 0 V 1 8 8 3 0 0 3 H 0 1

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided

- 1 A shape is translated by the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ *4 up*
 In which direction does the shape move?
 Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

up

down

left

right

- 2 What is 1.75 kilometres as a fraction of 700 metres?
 Circle your answer.

$$\frac{1750}{700}$$

[1 mark]

1.75 km = 1750m

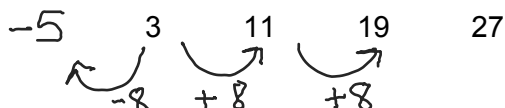
$\frac{5}{2}$

$\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{4}{1}$

$\frac{2}{5}$

- 3 The first 4 terms of a linear sequence are



Circle the expression for the n th term.

Difference = 8
0th term = -5 [1 mark]

$8 - 5n$

$n + 8$

$8n + 3$

$8n - 5$



- 4 Work out the lowest common multiple (LCM) of 20, 30 and 40

Circle your answer.

$$2 \times 3 \times 2 = 12$$

[1 mark]

10

120

240

24 000

- 5 The length of a table is 110 cm to the nearest cm

Complete the error interval.

[2 marks]

all values round to 110

$$\underline{109.5} \text{ cm} \leq \text{length} < \underline{110.5} \text{ cm}$$

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►



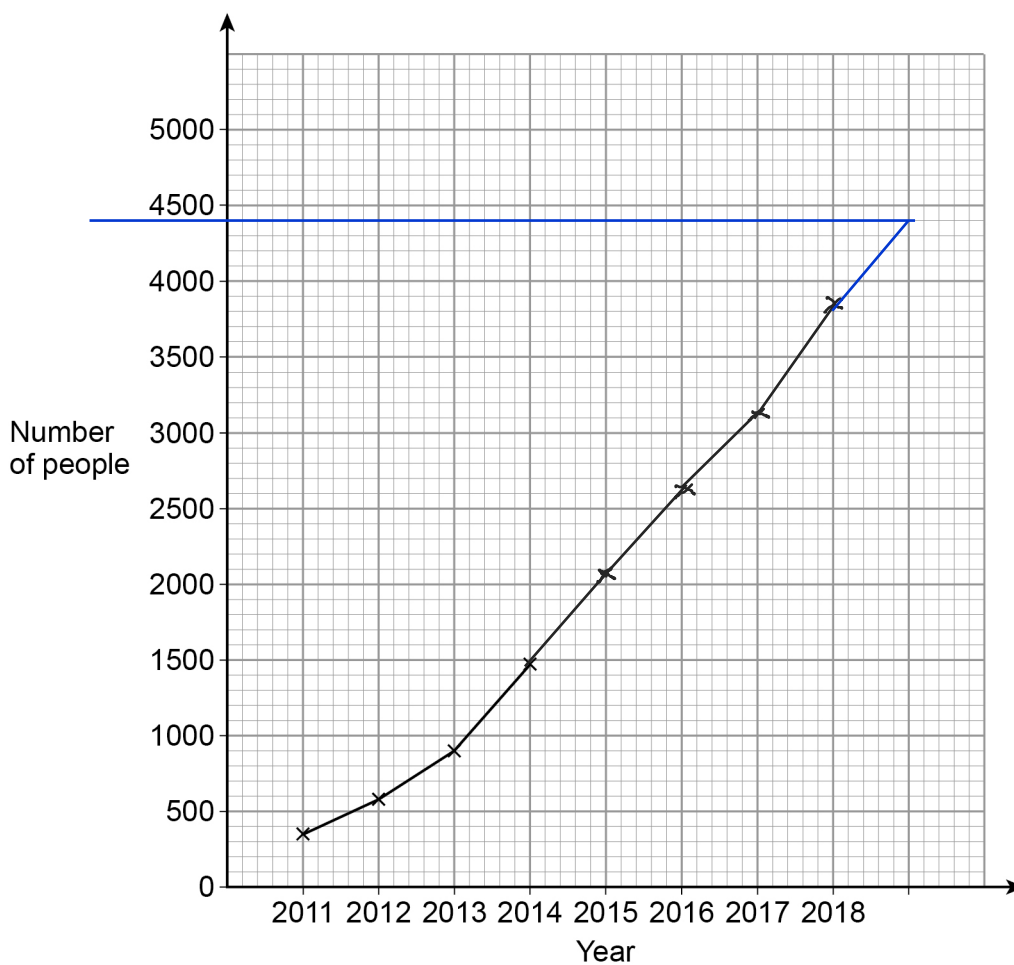
6 A music festival has taken place each year from 2011

The table shows the number of people who attended each year.

| Year | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Number of people | 350 | 583 | 906 | 1471 | 2023 | 2612 | 3251 | 3780 |

The festival organisers draw a time series graph to represent the data.

The first four years have been plotted.



6 (a) Complete the graph.

[2 marks]

6 (b) Use the graph to estimate the number of people who will attend the festival in 2019

[2 marks]

Show working on graph.

Answer

4400

Turn over for the next question



7

$$k = n^2 + 9n + 1$$

Mo says,

" k will be a prime number for all integer values of n from 1 to 9"

Show that Mo is wrong.

You **must** show that your value of k is **not** prime.

[3 marks]

$$n = 6$$

$$k = 6^2 + 9(6) + 1$$

$$= 91$$

91 is divisible by 13 and 7 and
therefore is not prime.

Mo is wrong



8

Doug owes an amount of £600

He wants to pay off this amount in five months.

He says,

"Each month, I will pay back 20% of the amount I still owe."

Show working to check if his method is correct.

$$1 - 20\% = 0.8$$

[3 marks]

$$\textcircled{1} \quad 600 \times 0.8 = 480$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad 600 \times 0.8^2 = 384$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad 600 \times 0.8^3 = 307.2$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad 600 \times 0.8^4 = 245.76$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad 600 \times 0.8^5 = 196.608$$

After month 5,

he still owes £196.61

Method is incorrect

Turn over for the next question

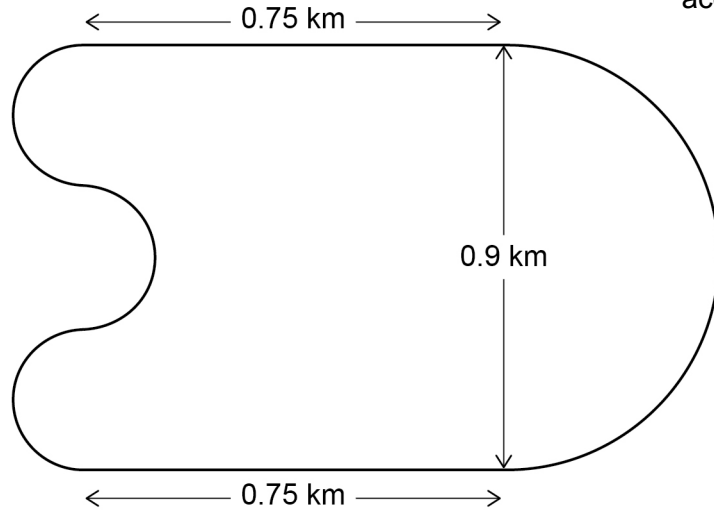
Turn over ►



9

A motor racing circuit consists of
two parallel straight sections, each of length 0.75 km
a semicircle of diameter 0.9 km
three equal, smaller semicircles.

Not drawn
accurately



The length of a motor race must be greater than 305 km

What is the lowest number of **full** laps needed at this circuit?

You **must** show your working.

[5 marks]

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Circumference of large semi} & \quad \frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 0.9 = 0.45\pi \\ \text{of 3 small semi} & \quad 3 \times \frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 0.9 = 0.45\pi \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Perimeter: } & 0.45\pi + 0.45\pi + 0.75 + 0.75 \\ & = 4.3274... \text{ km} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Laps : } 305 \div 4.327... = 70.48...$$

$$\text{Full lap} = 71$$

Answer 71



10 Solve $8 > 3 - \frac{1}{2}x$
 $+ \frac{1}{2}x$ [2 marks]

$$8 + \frac{1}{2}x > 3$$

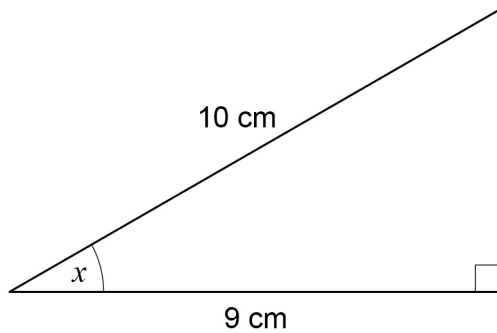
$$\frac{1}{2}x > -5$$

$\times 2$

$$x > -10$$

Answer $x > -10$

11 Use trigonometry to work out the size of angle x . [2 marks]



Not drawn
accurately

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$\cos x = \frac{9}{10}$$

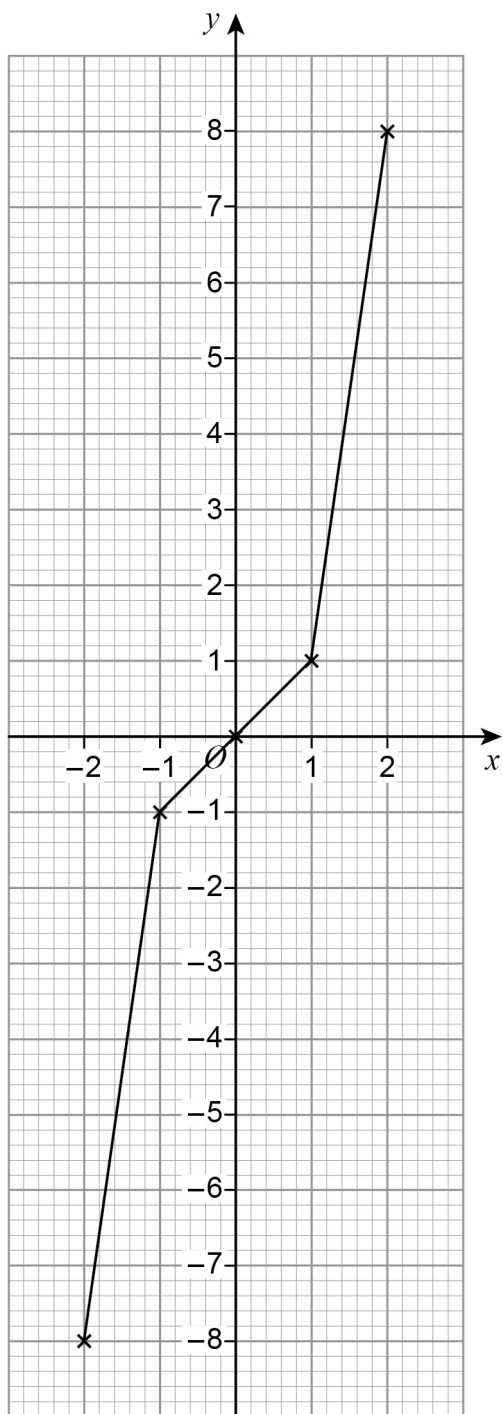
$$x = \cos^{-1}(0.9)$$

$$= 25.84 \dots$$

Answer 25.8 degrees
(3sf)



12 Lewis wants to draw the graph $y = x^3$ for values of x from -2 to 2
Here is his graph.



Make **one** criticism of his graph.

[1 mark]

Line joining points should be a curve.



- 13 The probability of Heads when a biased coin is thrown is 0.6
The coin is thrown 500 times.

Circle the expected number of Tails.

[1 mark]

20

200

250

300

$$P(\text{Tails}) = 1 - 0.6 = 0.4$$

$$0.4 \times 500 = 200$$

- 14 The mean mass of a squad of 19 hockey players is 82 kg
A player of mass 93 kg joins the squad.

Work out the mean mass of the squad now.

[3 marks]

$$\text{Total} = 19 \times 82 = 1558$$

$$\text{New Total} : 1558 + 93 = 1651$$

$$\text{New freq} : 19 + 1 = 20$$

$$\text{New mean} = \frac{1651}{20}$$

Answer 82.55 kg

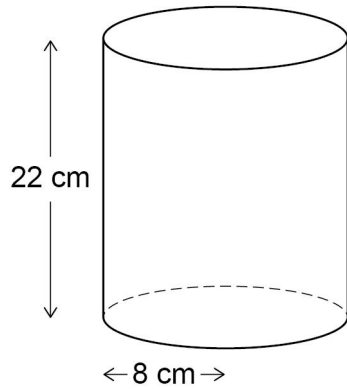


15 A company makes two types of lampshade using fabric on wire frames.

Lampshade A

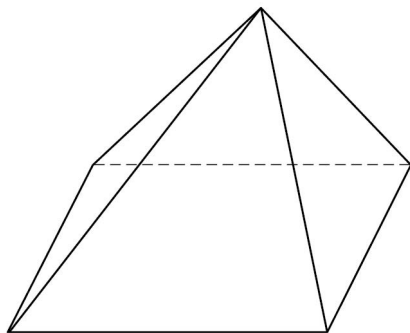
Fabric is used to make the curved surface of a cylinder.

The cylinder has radius 8 cm and height 22 cm

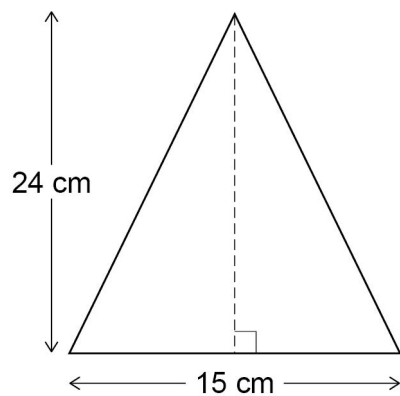


Lampshade B

Fabric is used to make the four triangular faces of a pyramid.



Each triangular face has base 15 cm and perpendicular height 24 cm



Not drawn
accurately



| | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Cost of fabric | £400 per square metre |
| Other costs for A | £3.50 per lampshade |
| Other costs for B | £7.50 per lampshade |

Work out the ratio cost of one lampshade A : cost of one lampshade B

Give your answer in the form $n : 1$

[5 marks]

$$\text{Area of A: } 0.08 \times 2 \times 0.22 \times \pi = 0.0352\pi \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{cost: } 0.0352\pi \times 400 + 3.50$$

$$= \text{£}47.73\dots$$

$$\text{Area of B: } 4 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 0.24 \times 0.15 = 0.072 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{cost: } 0.072 \times 400 + 7.50$$

$$= \text{£}36.30$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \div 36.3 \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} 47.73\dots : 36.30 \\ \downarrow \\ 1.31\dots : 1 \end{array} \right. \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \div 36.3 \\ \downarrow \end{array} \right) \end{array}$$

Answer 1.31 : 1



16

In a running club there are 50 females and 80 males.

If a female is chosen at random, the probability she has blue eyes is 0.38

If a male is chosen at random, the probability he has blue eyes is 0.6

One person is chosen at random.

Show that the probability the person has blue eyes is **more than** 0.5

[4 marks]

$$50 \times 0.38 = 19 \text{ female have blue eyes}$$

$$80 \times 0.6 = 48 \text{ males have blue eyes}$$

$$\text{Total: } 67 \text{ blue eyes}$$

$$\text{Total: } 50 + 80 = 130 \text{ people}$$

$$P(\text{blue eye}) = \frac{67}{130}$$

$$\frac{67}{130} > 0.5$$

17

$$w = \frac{3}{5\sqrt{x}}$$

Circle the expression for w^2

$$w^2 = \frac{3^2}{5^2(\sqrt{x})^2} = \frac{9}{25x}$$

[1 mark]

$$\frac{6}{10x^2}$$

$$\frac{9}{25x^2}$$

$$\frac{6}{10x}$$

$$\frac{9}{25x}$$



18 Here is some information about the ages of people at a concert.

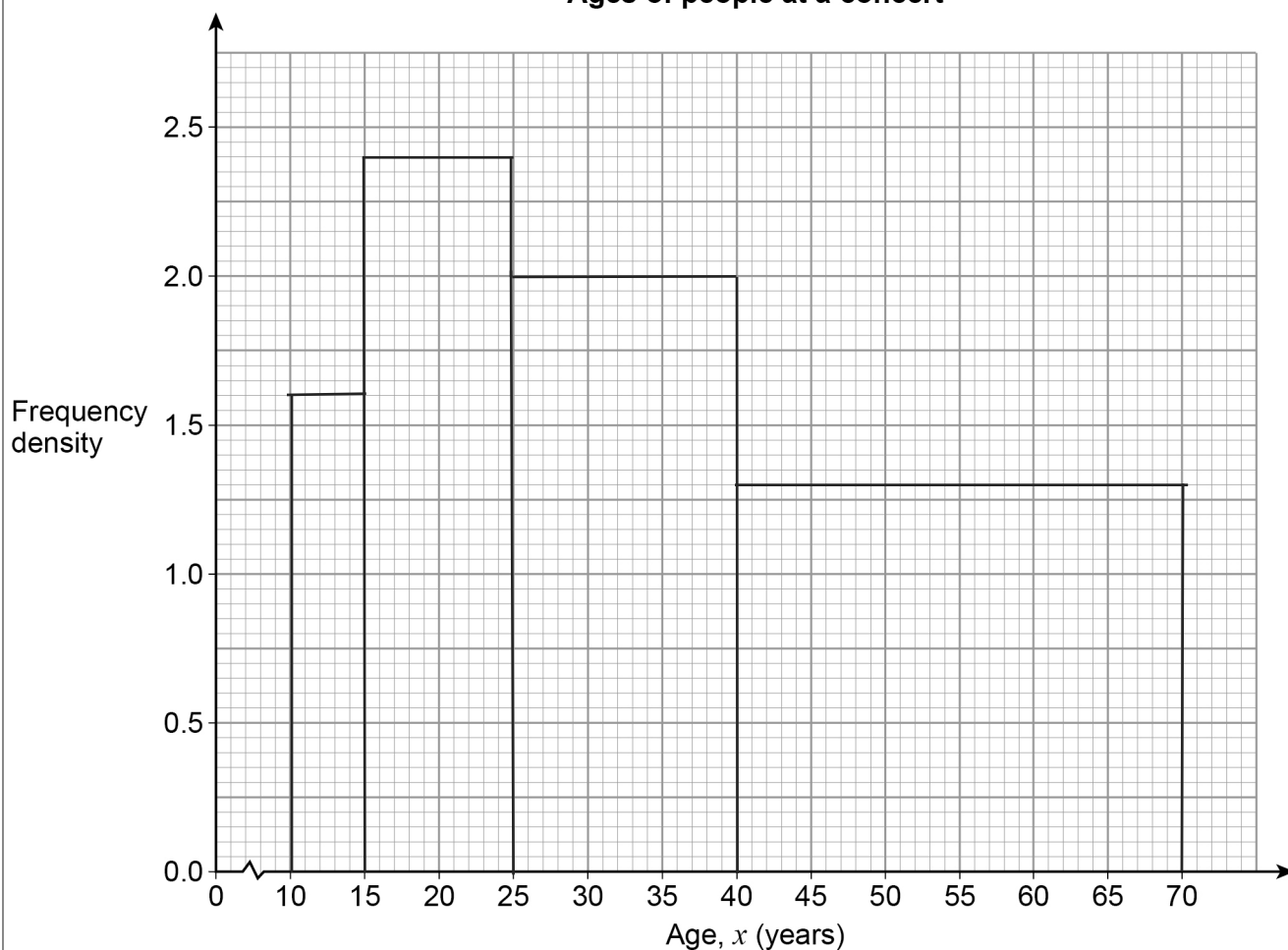
$\text{Freq. Dens} = \frac{\text{Freq.}}{\text{Class width}}$

| Age, x (years) | Frequency | FD |
|-----------------------|--------------|-----|
| $10 \leq x < 15$ (5) | 8 $\div 5$ | 1.6 |
| $15 \leq x < 25$ (10) | 24 $\div 10$ | 2.4 |
| $25 \leq x < 40$ (15) | 30 $\div 15$ | 2 |
| $40 \leq x < 70$ (30) | 39 $\div 30$ | 1.3 |

Draw a histogram to represent the information.

[3 marks]

Ages of people at a concert



19

- ① The length of a roll of ribbon is 30 metres, correct to the nearest half-metre.
 ② A piece of length 5.8 metres, correct to the nearest 10 centimetres, is cut from the roll.

Work out the maximum possible length of ribbon left on the roll. UB

[3 marks]

$$\textcircled{1} \quad 29.75 \leq \text{ribbon} < 30.25$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad 5.75 \leq \text{cut} < 5.85$$

$$UB = UB - LB$$

$$= 30.25 - 5.75$$

Answer 24.5 metres



20

Curve P has equation $y = 2(x - 1)^2 - 5$
 Curve Q is a reflection in the y-axis of curve P.

*replace x with (-x) as
curve is reflected in y-axis.*

Work out the equation of curve Q.

Give your answer in the form $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ where a, b and c are integers.

$$y = 2(-x - 1)(-x - 1) - 5$$

$$y = 2(x^2 + 2x + 1) - 5$$

$$y = 2x^2 + 4x + 2 - 5$$

$$y = 2x^2 + 4x - 3$$

expand brackets

[3 marks]

multiply by 2

simplify (+2-5=-3)

Answer $y = 2x^2 + 4x - 3$

Turn over for the next question



21

Priya and Joe travel the same 16.8 km route.

Priya starts at 9.00 am and walks at a constant speed of 6 km/h

Joe starts at 9.30 am and runs at a constant speed.

Joe overtakes Priya at 10.20 am

At what time does Joe finish the route?

$$\text{speed} = \frac{\text{dist}}{\text{time}}$$

[5 marks]

At 10:20 (1h 20min = $\frac{4}{3}$ h)

$$\text{Priya's distance} = \frac{4}{3} \times 6 = 8 \text{ km}$$

$$9:30 \text{ to } 10:20 = 50 \text{ min} = \frac{5}{6} \text{ h}$$

$$\text{Jo's speed} = \frac{8}{\frac{5}{6}} = 9.6 \text{ km/h}$$

Time to complete 16.8 km:

$$\frac{16.8}{9.6} = 1.75 \text{ hours} \\ = 105 \text{ min}$$

$$9:30 + 105 \text{ min} = 11:15$$

Answer 11:15 am



22 An approximate solution to an equation is found using the iterative formula

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{(x_n)^3 - 2}{10} \quad \text{with } x_1 = -1$$

22 (a) Work out the values of x_2 and x_3

[2 marks]

$$x_2 = \frac{(-1)^3 - 2}{10} = -0.3$$

$$x_3 = \frac{(-0.3)^3 - 2}{10} = -0.2027$$

$$x_2 = -0.3$$

$$x_3 = -0.2027$$

22 (b) Work out the solution to 5 decimal places.

[1 mark]

$$x_4 = -0.200832 \dots$$

$$x_5 = -0.200810 \dots$$

$$x_6 = -0.200809$$

$$x_7 = -0.2008097$$

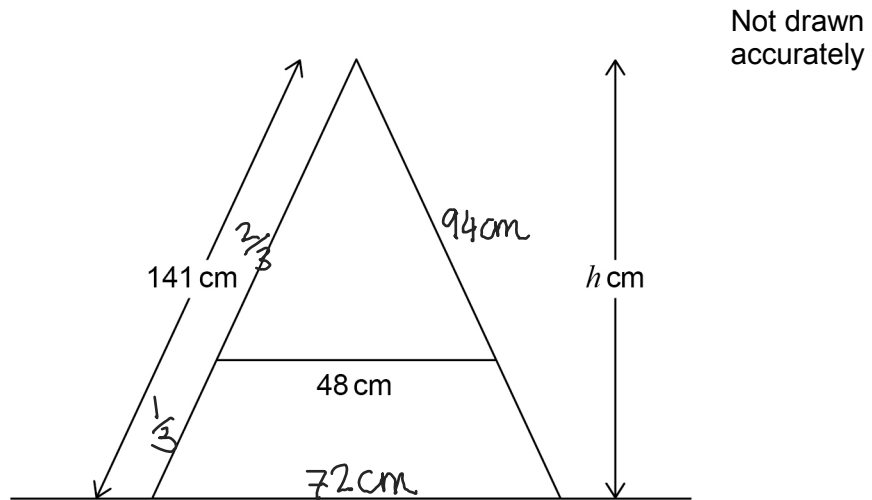
stays the same at 5 decimal places

$$x = -0.20081$$



23

The diagram shows the side view of a step ladder with a horizontal strut of length 48 cm
The strut is one third of the way up the ladder.
The symmetrical cross section of the ladder shows two similar triangles.



Work out the vertical height, h cm, of the ladder.

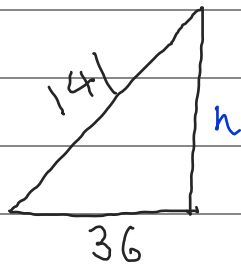
[5 marks]

$$\frac{2}{3} \text{ of } 141 = 94$$

$$\text{scale factor} = \times \frac{3}{2}$$

$$48 \times \frac{3}{2} = 72$$

$$72 \div 2 = 36$$



$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$h^2 = 141^2 - 36^2$$

$$= 18585$$

$$h = 136.326\dots$$

Answer

136.3

(1dp)
cm



24

Volume of a sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ where r is the radius
 Volume of a cone = $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ where r is the radius and h is the perpendicular height

A sphere has radius $2x$ cm

A cone has

radius $3x$ cm

perpendicular height h cm

The sphere and the cone have the same volume.

Work out $\frac{3x}{h}$ radius of cone : perpendicular height of cone

Give your answer in the form $a : b$ where a and b are integers.

[4 marks]

Vol of sphere: $\frac{4\pi(2x)^3}{3} = \frac{32}{3}\pi x^3$

Vol of cone: $\frac{1}{3} \times (3x)^2(h) \times \pi = \frac{9}{3}\pi x^2 h$

Equate $\frac{32}{3}\pi x^3 = \frac{9}{3}\pi x^2 h$

$32x^3 \div x^2 = 9x^2 h$

$9h = 32x$

$h = \frac{32x}{9}$

Ratio: $3x : \frac{32x}{9}$

$27 : 32$

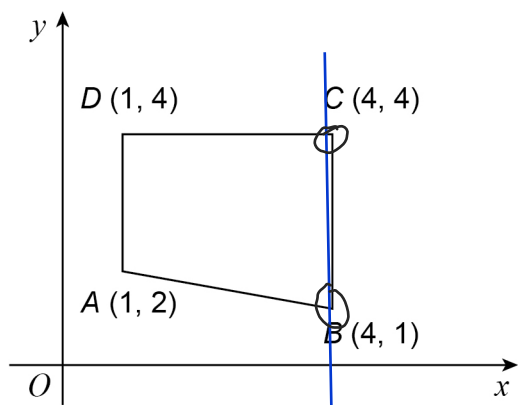
Answer 27 : 32

9

Turn over ►



25 $ABCD$ is a quadrilateral.



Not drawn
accurately

The quadrilateral is reflected in the line $x = 4$

Which vertices are invariant?

Circle your answer.

*don't
move*

[1 mark]

A and D

C and D

B and C

B and D



26

$$f(x) = \frac{2x+3}{x-4}$$

Work out $f^{-1}(x)$

[4 marks]

$$y = \frac{2x+3}{x-4}$$

$\times(x-4)$

$$y(x-4) = 2x+3$$

$$yx - 4y = 2x+3$$

$+4y$
 $-2x$

$$yx - 2x = 4y+3$$

factorise

$$x(y-2) = 4y+3$$

$\div(y-2)$

$$x = \frac{4y+3}{y-2}$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{4x+3}{x-2}$$

Answer $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{4x+3}{x-2}$

Turn over for the next question



- 27 The line $y = 3x + p$ and the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 53$ intersect at points A and B .
 p is a positive integer.

- 27 (a) Show that the x -coordinates of points A and B satisfy the equation

$$10x^2 + 6px + p^2 - 53 = 0$$

[3 marks]

sub $y = 3x + p$ into circle

$$x^2 + (3x + p)^2 = 53$$

$$x^2 + 9x^2 + 3xp + 3xp + p^2 = 53$$

$$10x^2 + 6xp + p^2 - 53 = 0$$



27 (b) The coordinates of A are (2, 7)

Work out the coordinates of B.

You **must** show your working.

Substitute (2, 7)

[5 marks]

$$y = 3x + p$$

$$7 = 3 \times 2 + p$$

$$7 - 6 = p = 1$$

$$10x^2 + 6x + 1 - 53 = 0$$

$$10x^2 + 6x - 52 = 0$$

$$5x^2 + 3x - 26 = 0$$

$$\times -26 \times 5 = -130$$

$$+ 3$$

$$-10, 13$$

$$5x^2 - 10x + 13x - 26 = 0$$

$$5x(x-2) + 13(x-2) = 0$$

$$(5x + 13)(x - 2) = 0$$

$$x = -2.6 \quad \text{or} \quad x = 2$$

$$y = 3(-2.6) + 1$$

$$y = -6.8$$

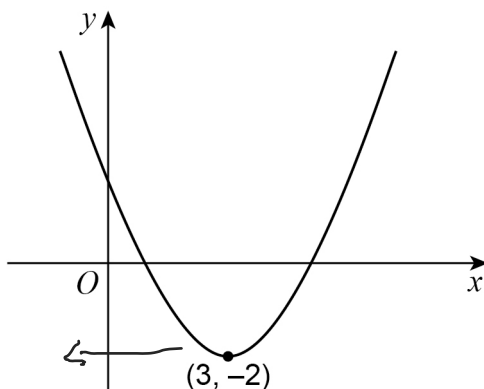
Answer (-2.6 , -6.8)

Turn over for the next question



28 Here is a sketch of a quadratic curve.
The turning point is $(3, -2)$

Not drawn
accurately



Circle the correct statement about the gradient of the curve for $x < 3$

[1 mark]

gradient is positive

gradient is negative

gradient is zero

gradient could be any value

END OF QUESTIONS

1



There are no questions printed on this page

*Do not write
outside the
box*

**DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE
ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED**



There are no questions printed on this page

*Do not write
outside the
box*

**DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE
ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED**

Copyright information

For confidentiality purposes, from the November 2015 examination series, acknowledgements of third-party copyright material will be published in a separate booklet rather than including them on the examination paper or support materials. This booklet is published after each examination series and is available for free download from www.aqa.org.uk after the live examination series.

Permission to reproduce all copyright material has been applied for. In some cases, efforts to contact copyright-holders may have been unsuccessful and AQA will be happy to rectify any omissions of acknowledgements. If you have any queries please contact the Copyright Team, AQA, Stag Hill House, Guildford, GU2 7XJ.

Copyright © 2018 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.

