

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

	CANDIDATE NAME		
	CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER
4 4 4	MATHEMATICS		0580/32
0 5	Paper 3 (Core)		October/November 2012
903504*	Candidates answe	er on the Question Paper.	2 hours
	Additional Materia	als: Electronic calculator Mathematical tables (optional)	Geometrical instruments Tracing paper (optional)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.Write in dark blue or black pen.You may use a pencil for any diagrams or graphs.Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

If working is needed for any question it must be shown below that question.

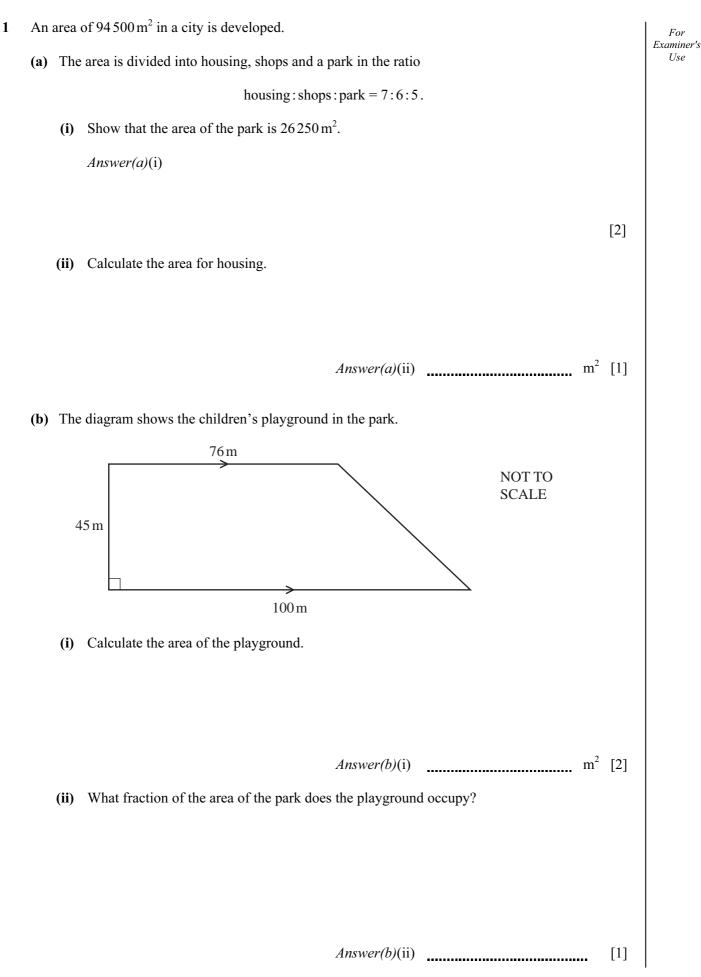
Electronic calculators should be used.

If the degree of accuracy is not specified in the question, and if the answer is not exact, give the answer to three significant figures. Give answers in degrees to one decimal place. For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together. The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. The total of the marks for this paper is 104.

This document consists of 16 printed pages.





(c)	Buildings occupy 30625m^2 of the area for housing.	For Examiner's
	Calculate the percentage of the area for housing occupied by buildings.	Use
	Answer(c) % [1]	
(d)	Of the buildings, $\frac{5}{12}$ are bungalows and $\frac{3}{8}$ are houses.	
	The rest of the buildings are apartments.	
	(i) Complete these equivalent fractions.	
	$\frac{5}{12} = \frac{3}{24}$ $\frac{3}{8} = \frac{3}{24}$ [2]	
	(ii) Show that $\frac{5}{24}$ of the buildings are apartments.	
	Answer(d)(ii)	
	[1]	
	(iii) There are 120 buildings altogether.	
	Work out the number of houses.	
	Answer(d)(iii) [1]	

(a) The table shows some values of the function

2

i				n			T					1			1
	x	-8	-6	-5 -3.4	-4	-2	-1	-	1	2	4	5	6	8	
	у	-7	-4.7	-3.4	-2		7			-2		3.4	4.7	7	
(i)	Cor	nplete	the tabl	e.											[3]
(ii)	On	the gri	d on the	e opposi	te nage	e. drav	the g	ran	h of -	v = x -	- <u>8</u> f	òr			
()				$\leq x \leq 8$,	8.	- up		,	x	01			[5]
(iii)	Wri	te dow	n the or	der of r	otatior	nal syn	nmetry	of	the gr	aph.					
							Ans	we	<i>r(a)</i> (iii	.)				•••••	[1]
(iv)	Use	your g	graph to	solve th	ne equ	ation	$x - \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{8}{x} =$	= 0.						
						1	4nswei	r(a)	(iv) x		•••••	or <i>x</i> =	••••	•••••	[2]
) (i)	Wri	te dow	m the o	adient c	of the 1	ine v	$=\frac{1}{r}$	+ 1							
, (-)	,,,,,		ii uie gi			j	2 "								
							Α	nsv	ver(b)(i)					[1]
(ii)	Cor	nplete	the tabl	e below	for the	e line	$y = \frac{1}{2}$	· x -	+1.						
										1	T				
				2	r –	-8 -	-4	0	4	8					
				J	· –	-3			3						
															[2]
(iii)	On	the gri	d, draw	the line	<i>y</i> = -	$\frac{1}{2}x + 1$	for	-8	$\leq x \leq$	8.					[1]
Write down the co-ordinates of the points of intersection of $y = x - \frac{8}{x}$ and $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$.															

Answer(c) (______, ____) and (______, ____) [2]

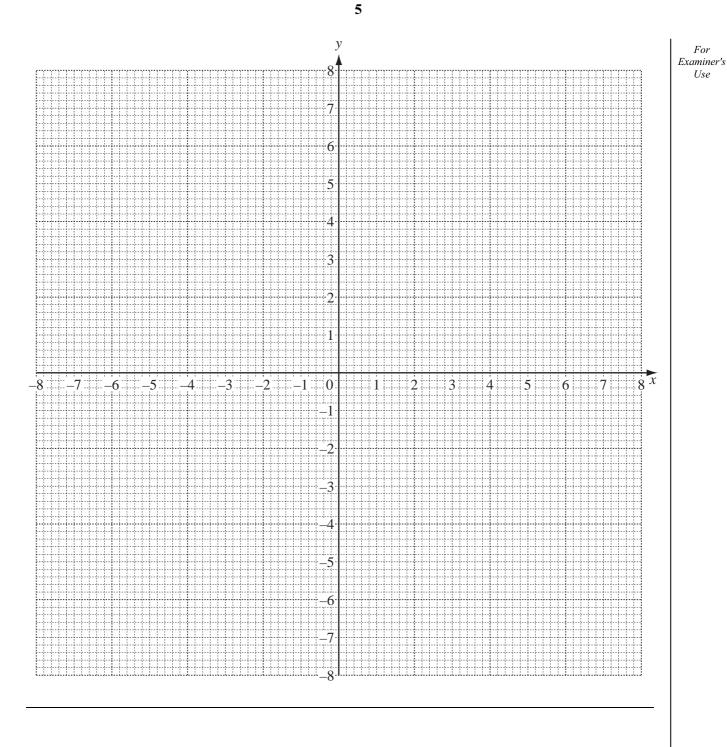
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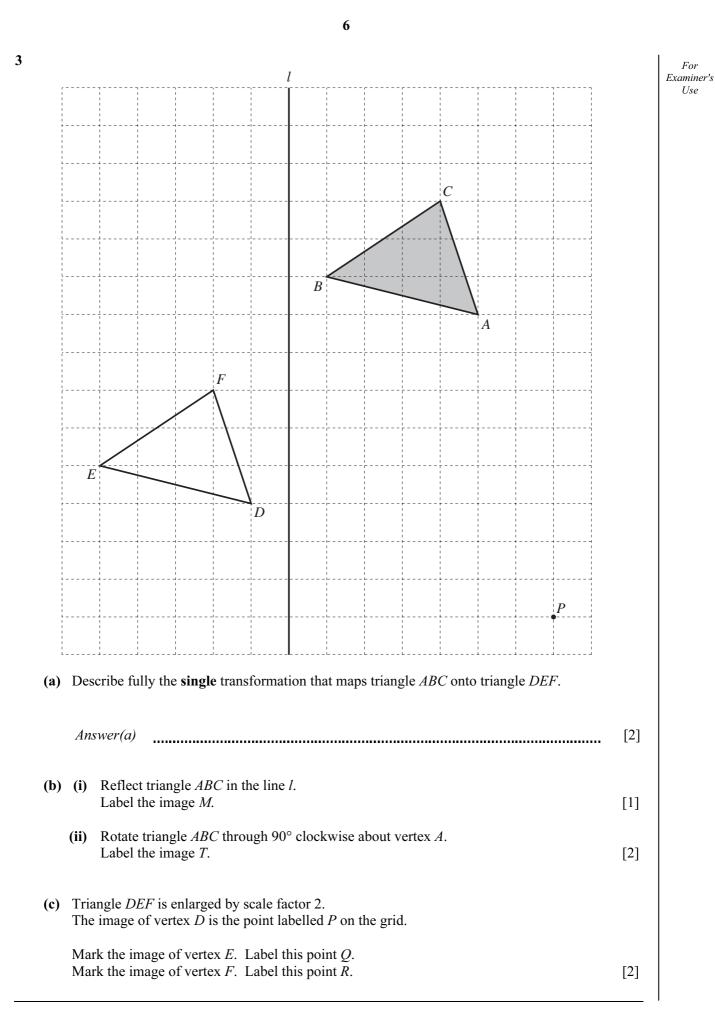
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(c)

 $y = x - \frac{8}{x}.$

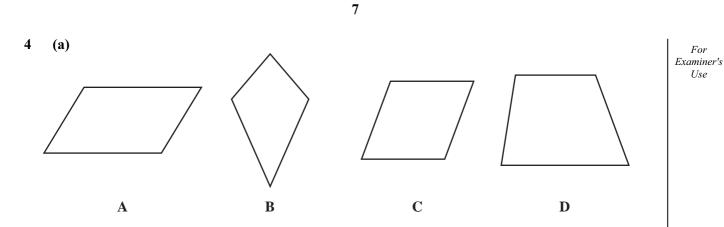
(b)





For

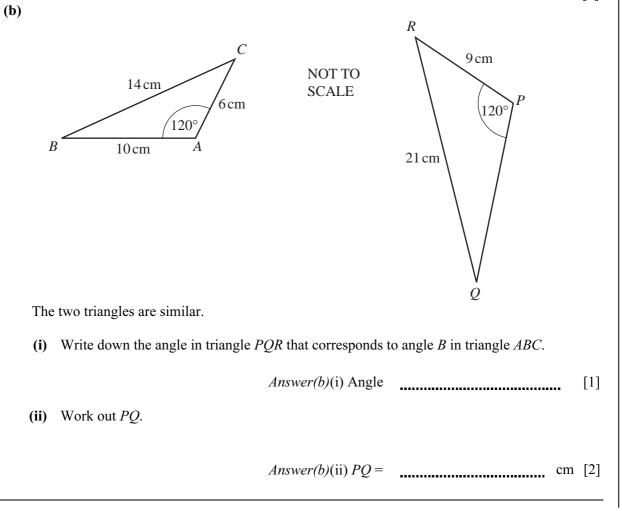
Use



Complete the table for each of the different quadrilaterals A, B, C and D.

Quadrilateral	Mathematical name	Number of lines of symmetry
А		
В		
С		
D		

[8]



0580/32/O/N/12

For

Examiner's Use

(a) The colours of the cars at a car centre are red, blue, green, black and white.

The pie chart shows some information about the number of cars of each colour. Red Blue Green (i) There are 60 red cars. Show that the total number of cars is 270. Answer(a)(i)

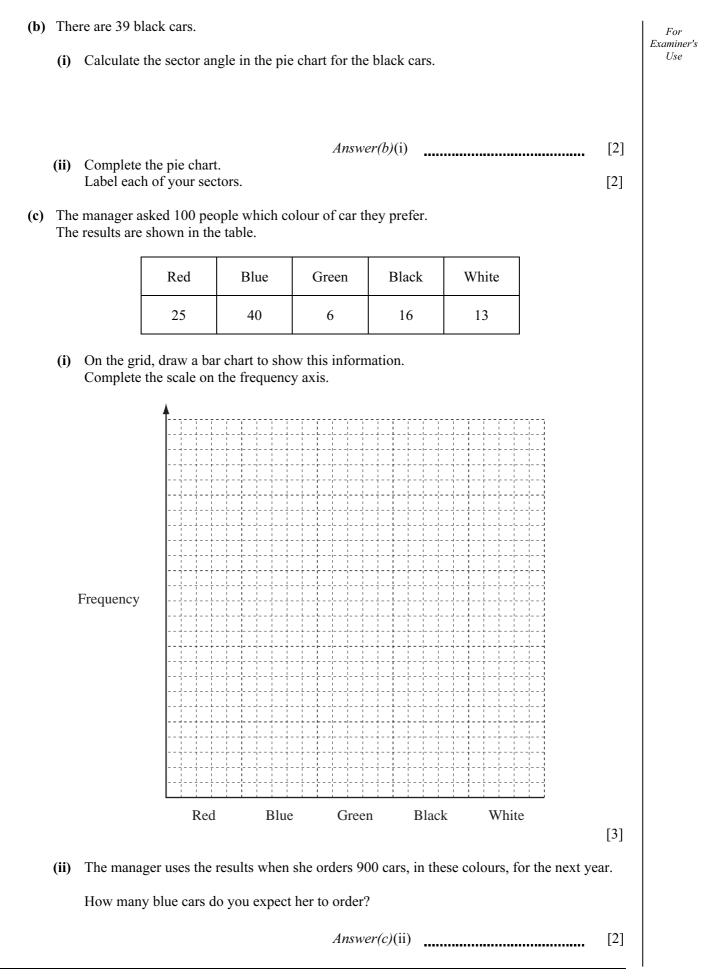
[2]

(ii) Calculate the number of blue cars and the number of green cars.

Answer(a)(ii) Blue

Green [3]

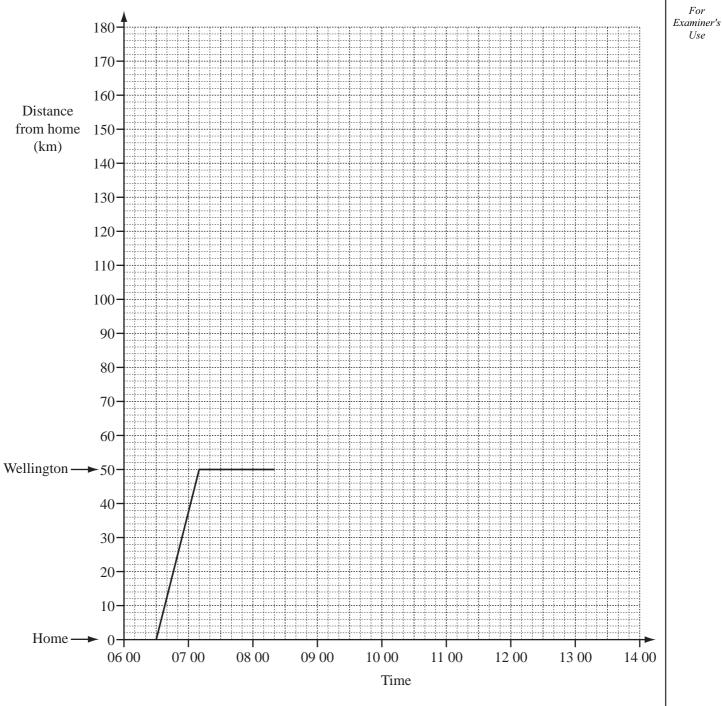
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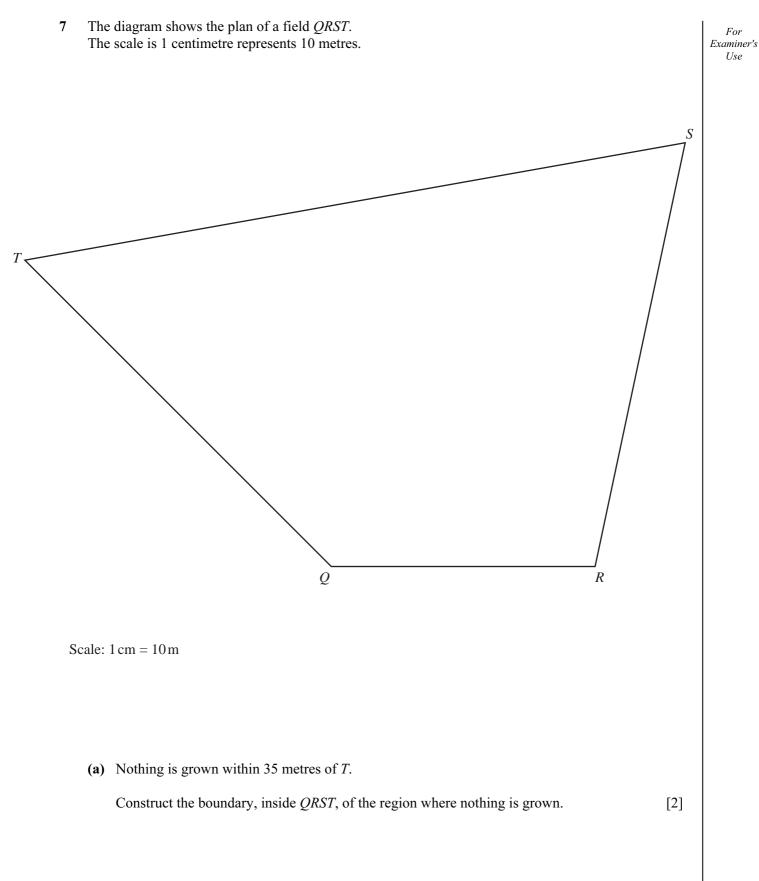
6		ohno travelled from his home on the North Island of New Zealand to Blenheim on the South Island. Ie left home at 0630 and drove 50 km to Wellington where he waited for the 0820 ferry.					
	(a)) Use information from the travel graph opposite to write down					
		(i) the time Johno arrived at Wellington,					
		(ii) the number of hours and minutes that he waited in Wellington for the 0820 ferry.	[1]				
		Answer(a)(ii) h min	[1]				
	(b)	The ferry left Wellington at 0820 and sailed 92km to Picton on the South Island. The ferry arrived at 1140.					
		On the travel graph, show the ferry journey.	[1]				
	(c)	Johno waited 20 minutes to get off the ferry. He then drove for 30 minutes at an average speed of 40 km/h to Blenheim.					
		Complete the travel graph for his journey.					
			[3]				
	(d)	Calculate his average speed, in km/h, for the whole journey from his home to Blenheim.					
		Answer(d) km/h	[2]				
	(e)	Another ferry left Picton at 1010 and arrived at Wellington at 1320.					
		(i) On the travel graph, show the journey of this ferry.	[2]				
		(ii) How far were the two ferries from Wellington when they passed each other?					
		Answer(e)(ii) km	[1]				

Use



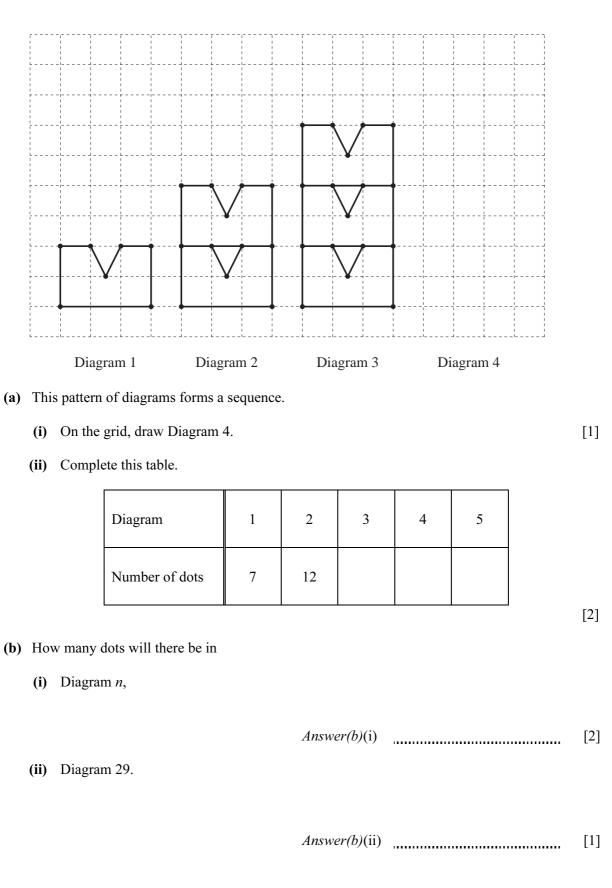


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(b)		a straight edge and compasses only for the constructions in parts (b)(i) and (b)(ii). ve in all your construction arcs.	
	(i)	Construct the bisector of angle <i>RQT</i> . Draw your line to meet the side <i>ST</i> .	[2]
	(ii)	Construct the locus of points equidistant from Q and from R . Draw your line to meet the side ST .	[2]
(c)	Flo	wers are grown in the region	
		 nearer to QR than to QT and nearer to Q than to R. 	
	(i)	Label this region <i>F</i> .	[1]
	(ii)	Calculate the actual area in which flowers are grown. Give your answer in square metres.	
		Answer(c)(ii) m^2	[4]





(c)	There are either 2 lines or 3 lines meeting at the dots in the Diagrams. In Diagram 1 there are 0 dots where 3 lines meet. In Diagram 2 there are 4 dots where 3 lines meet.						
	Complete the statements.						
	(i) In Diagram 3 there are dots where 3 lines meet.	[1]					
	(ii) In Diagram <i>n</i> there are dots where 3 lines meet.	[2]					
(d)	Find the number of dots where 2 lines meet in Diagram n .						
	Answer(d)	[1]					

Question 9 is printed on the next page.

9	(a)	On	ch day from Monday to Saturday Caroline buys a newspaper, costing <i>d</i> cents. Sunday she buys a newspaper costing 160 cents. e total amount she spends on newspapers in a week is 430 cents.	For Examiner's Use
		(i)	Write down an equation in <i>d</i> , to show this information.	
			Answer(a)(i) [1]
		(ii)	Solve your equation to find <i>d</i> .	
			Answer(a)(ii) d =	2]
		(iii)	The price of the Sunday newspaper is increased by 15%.	
			Calculate the price of the Sunday newspaper after this increase.	
			Answer(a)(iii) cents [2	2]
	(b)	Pot	atoes cost p cents per kilogram and carrots cost c cents per kilogram.	
		(i)	Bernard buys 3 kilograms of potatoes and 2 kilograms of carrots. An expression for the amount he spends is $3p + 2c$. He spends 92 cents on these items.	
			Write down an equation, in p and c , to show this.	
			Answer(b)(i) [1]
		(ii)	Eleanor buys 2 kilograms of potatoes and 5 kilograms of carrots. She spends 153 cents on these items.	
			Write down an equation, in p and c , to show this.	
			Answer(b)(ii) [2	2]
		(iii)	Solve your equations to find p and c .	
			Answer(b)(iii) p =	
			c =	[4]

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