

## Cambridge IGCSE<sup>™</sup>

	CANDIDATE NAME				
	CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER		
* 4 8 9 0	MATHEMATICS			0580/22	
۷ 0	Paper 2 (Extended)			February/March 2022	
μ μ				1 hour 30 minutes	
13806	You must answer on the question paper.				
7	You will need: Geometrical instruments				

You will need: Geometrical instruments

## **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Answer all questions. •
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs. •
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page. •
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid. •
- Do not write on any bar codes. •
- You should use a calculator where appropriate. •
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in • degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

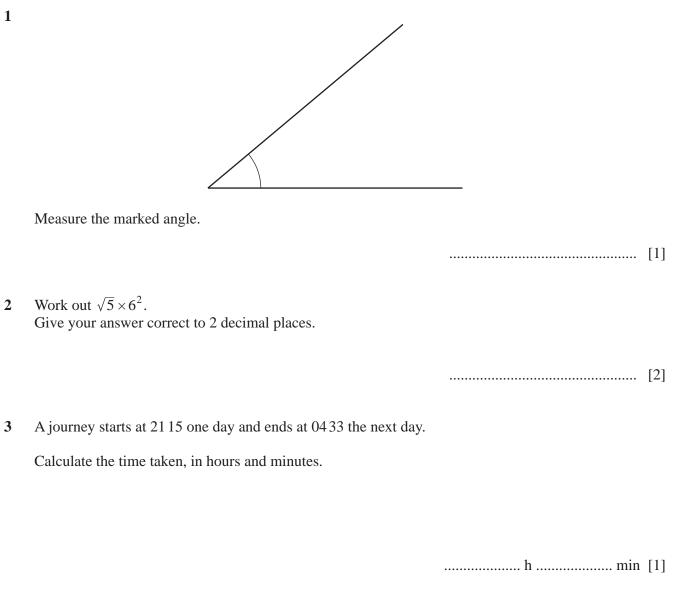
This document has 12 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

For  $\pi$ , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

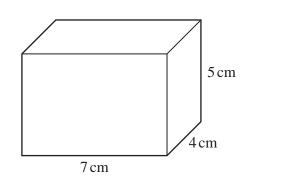
## **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 70.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

1







Calculate the total surface area of this cuboid.

..... cm<sup>2</sup> [3]

NOT TO SCALE

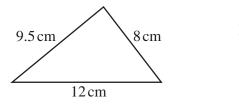
5 (a) Write down the gradient of the line y = 5x + 7.

......[1]

(b) Find the coordinates of the point where the line y = 5x + 7 crosses the y-axis.

(.....) [1]



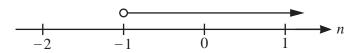


NOT TO SCALE

**Using a ruler and compasses only**, construct this triangle. Leave in your construction arcs. The side of length 12 cm has been drawn for you.



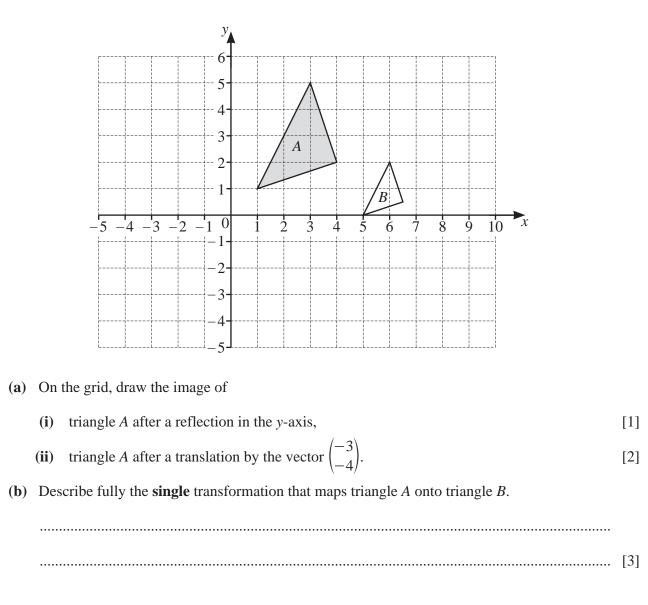




Write down the inequality, in terms of *n*, shown by the number line.

.....[1] [Turn over





**9** Factorise completely.

 $12a^3 - 21a$ 

10 (a) The *n*th term of a sequence is  $n^2 + 7$ . Find the first three terms of this sequence.

(b) These are the first four terms of a different sequence.

15 7 -1 -9

Find the *n*th term of this sequence.

11 As the temperature increases, people eat more ice cream.What type of correlation does this statement describe?

......[1]

12 (a) Sanjay invests \$700 in an account paying simple interest at a rate of 2.5% per year.

Calculate the value of his investment at the end of 6 years.

(b) Meera invests \$700 in an account paying compound interest at a rate of r% per year. At the end of 17 years the value of her investment is \$1030.35.

Find the value of *r*.

r = ..... [3]

13 (a) Simplify  $h^2 \times h^5$ .

......[1]

**(b)** Simplify  $\left(\frac{7}{x}\right)^{-3}$ .

(c)  $a^8 \div a^p = a^2$ 

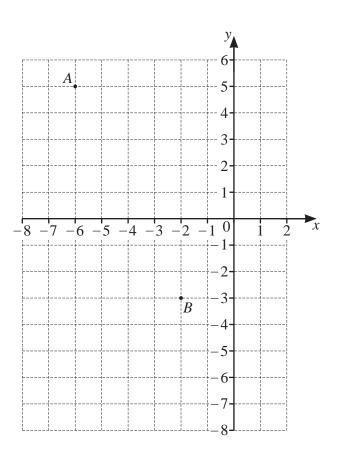
p = ..... [1]

14 Calculate the circumference of a circle with radius 4.7 cm.

15 Without using a calculator, work out  $2\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{11}{14}$ . You must show all your working and give your answer as a mixed number in its simplest form.

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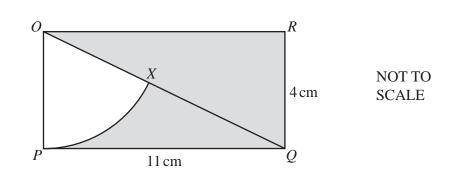
16



A is the point (-6, 5) and B is the point (-2, -3).

(a) Find the equation of the straight line, *l*, that passes through point *A* and point *B*. Give your answer in the form y = mx + c.

(b) Find the equation of the line that is perpendicular to l and passes through the origin.



The diagram shows a rectangle OPQR with length 11 cm and width 4 cm. OQ is a diagonal and OPX is a sector of a circle, centre O.

Calculate the percentage of the rectangle that is shaded.

18 Mrs Kohli buys a jacket, 2 shirts and a hat. The jacket costs \$*x*. The shirts each cost \$24 less than the jacket and the hat costs \$16 less than the jacket. Mrs Kohli spends exactly \$100.

Write down an equation in terms of *x*. Solve this equation to find the cost of the jacket.

19 *y* is inversely proportional to the square root of (x + 4). When x = 5, y = 2.

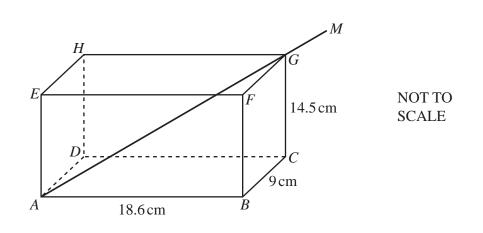
Find *y* when x = 77.

20 Solve the simultaneous equations. You must show all your working.

$$3x + y = 11$$
$$x^2 - 2y = 18$$

*x* = .....*y* = .....

 $x = \dots$  [5]



The diagram shows an open rectangular box *ABCDEFGH*. AB = 18.6 cm, BC = 9 cm and CG = 14.5 cm.A straight stick *AGM* rests against *A* and *G* and extends outside the box to *M*.

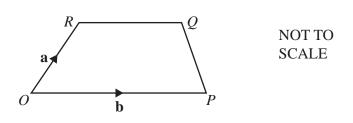
(a) Calculate the angle between the stick and the base of the box.

.....[4]

[3]

**(b)**  $AM = 30 \, \text{cm}.$ 

Show that GM = 4.8 cm, correct to 1 decimal place.



The diagram shows a trapezium *OPQR*. *O* is the origin,  $\overrightarrow{OR} = \mathbf{a}$  and  $\overrightarrow{OP} = \mathbf{b}$ .

$$\left|\overrightarrow{RQ}\right| = \frac{3}{5}\left|\overrightarrow{OP}\right|$$

(a) Find  $\overrightarrow{PQ}$  in terms of **a** and **b** in its simplest form.

(b) When PQ and OR are extended, they intersect at W.

Find the position vector of *W*.

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