

# Cambridge IGCSE™

MATHEMATICS

Paper 1 (Core) MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 56 0580/13 May/June 2022

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2022 series for most Cambridge IGCSE, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

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## **Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Maths-Specific Marking Principles			
1	Unless a particular method has been specified in the question, full marks may be awarded for any correct method. However, if a calculation is required then no marks will be awarded for a scale drawing.		
2	Unless specified in the question, answers may be given as fractions, decimals or in standard form. Ignore superfluous zeros, provided that the degree of accuracy is not affected.		
3	Allow alternative conventions for notation if used consistently throughout the paper, e.g. commas being used as decimal points.		
4	Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored (isw).		
5	Where a candidate has misread a number in the question and used that value consistently throughout, provided that number does not alter the difficulty or the method required, award all marks earned and deduct just 1 mark for the misread.		
6	Recovery within working is allowed, e.g. a notation error in the working where the following line of working makes the candidate's intent clear.		

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## Abbreviations

cao	correct answer only
dep	dependent
FT	follow through after error
isw	ignore subsequent working
oe	or equivalent
SC	Special Case
nfww	not from wrong working

soi seen or implied

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1	103 806	1	
2(a)	86	1	
2(b)	Point marked at 4.3 cm from A	1	
2(c)	Ruled line through $M$ perpendicular to $AB$	1	
3	6 <i>x</i>	1	
4	64.6	2	<b>M1</b> for 9.5 × 6.8
5	0.95 oe	1	
6	142°	1	
7	792 or 792.1	2	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{4 \times 7^3}{\sqrt{3}}$ oe
			or <b>B1</b> for 1372
8	7	2	<b>M1</b> for $357 \div (8.5 \times 6)$
9	97	2	<b>M1</b> for 360 – (73 + 129 + 75)
10(a)	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2	<b>B1</b> for two rows correct or for fully correct unordered stem-and-leaf diagram or for a correct diagram with one error or omission
10(b)	1.15	1	
11(a)	(-1, 4)	1	
11(b)	Q marked at (2, 2)	1	
11(c)	$\begin{pmatrix} -6\\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$	1	<b>FT</b> <i>their</i> point <i>Q</i>
11(d)	PR	1	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
12(a)	$y^{-2}$ or $\frac{1}{y^2}$ final answer	1	
12(b)	7	1	
13(a)	27000	1	
13(b)	Point plotted at (175, 9)	1	
13(c)	Correct single ruled line of best fit	1	
13(d)	300 to 350	1	<b>FT</b> <i>their</i> straight line of best fit provided positive gradient
14(a)	4.58 or 4.582 to 4.583	3	M2 for $5^2 - 2^2$ or better or M1 for $5^2 = 2^2 + h^2$ or better
14(b)	Correct ruled net of the pyramid	3	<b>B2</b> for a 4 by 4 square and 4 isosceles triangles on the sides of the square or <b>B1</b> for a 4 by 4 square or at least one isosceles triangle drawn on a side of a square
15	9p(2x-3) final answer	2	<b>B1</b> for $9(2px - 3p)$ or $p(18x - 27)$ or $3p(6x - 9)$ or $9p(2x - 3)$ seen and spoilt
16	0 3 8	2	<b>B1</b> for 2 correct terms in correct position or <b>SC1</b> for -1 0 3
17(a)	Congruent	1	
17(b)	37.5 or 37.48 to 37.49	2	<b>M1</b> for $\cos[ABC =] \frac{7.3}{9.2}$
18	160	2	<b>B1</b> for 160 <i>k</i> as final answer or <b>M1</b> for $[32=] 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$ and $[40=] 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5$ or two correct factor trees or correct tables or a list of multiples of both 32 and 40 with at least 3 of each or $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5$
19	3n - 5 = 22	1	
	9 final answer	2	<b>B2FT</b> their equation providing their equation is in the form $an+b=22$ where $a\neq 0$ or 1 and $b\neq 0$ or <b>M1FT</b> for $3n = 22 + 5$ or $n - \frac{5}{3} = \frac{22}{3}$

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
20	-2	2	M1 for $\frac{-2k}{1k}$ or for $\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$ for 2 points on the line
21	224	2	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{7}{30} [\times 960]$ oe
22	$\frac{25}{6} \text{ or } \frac{15}{8} \qquad 3\frac{1}{6} - \frac{7}{8}$	B1	Correct step for dealing with mixed numbers Allow $\frac{25k}{6k}$ or $\frac{15k}{8k}$
	$\frac{100}{24}$ and $\frac{45}{24}$ oe $[3]\frac{4}{24}$ and $\frac{21}{24}$	M1	Correct method to find common denominator e.g. $4\frac{4}{24}$ and $1\frac{21}{24}$
	$2\frac{7}{24}$ final answer	A1	
23	For correct method to eliminate one variable	M1	
	[ <i>x</i> =] 5	A1	
	[ <i>y</i> =] -2	A1	If zero scored, <b>SC1</b> for 2 values satisfying one of the original equations or <b>SC1</b> if no working shown, but 2 correct answers