SurnameCentre
NumberCandidate
NumberOther Names0

GCSE



3300U30-1

MATHEMATICS UNIT 1: NON-CALCULATOR INTERMEDIATE TIER

TUESDAY, 21 MAY 2019 - MORNING

1 hour 45 minutes

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

The use of a calculator is not permitted in this examination. A ruler, protractor and a pair of compasses may be required.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use gel pen or correction fluid.

You may use a pencil for graphs and diagrams only.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer **all** the questions in the spaces provided.

If you run out of space, use the continuation page at the back of the booklet. Question numbers must be given for all work written on the continuation page.

Take π as 3.14.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

You should give details of your method of solution when appropriate.

Unless stated, diagrams are not drawn to scale.

Scale drawing solutions will not be acceptable where you are asked to calculate.

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

In question **8**, the assessment will take into account the quality of your linguistic and mathematical organisation, communication and accuracy in writing.



For Examiner's use only				
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded		
1.	3			
2.	5			
3.	3			
4.	5			
5.	3			
6.	4			
7.	6			
8.	6			
9.	4			
10.	5			
11.	4			
12.	4			
13.	4			
14.	3			
15.	6			
16.	5			
17.	4			
18.	6			
Total	80			

© WJEC CBAC Ltd.





3300U301 03

ircle either TRUE or FALSE for each calculation	on given below.		[3]
CALCULATION			
23 – (4 + 2) × 3 = 5	TRUE	FALSE	
$\frac{7}{10} + \frac{2}{5} = \frac{9}{15}$	TRUE	FALSE	
$\frac{1}{2}$ of $\frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{4}$	TRUE	FALSE	
25% of 0.4 = 0.1	TRUE	FALSE	
28 – 3 × 2 + 5 = 55	TRUE	FALSE	



Examiner only

[2]

Twenty-five balls have numbers printed on them.
 Some of the balls are coloured yellow (Y), the others are coloured blue (B). The list below shows both the colour of each ball and the number printed on it.

Y 76	Y 217	B 54	B 126	Y 21
Y 438	Y 32	B 561	B 194	Y 69
B 37	B 518	Y 94	Y 157	Y 208
Y 382	B 56	B 234	Y 72	B 84
Y 68	Y 271	Y 53	B 100	Y 321

(a) Complete the frequency table.

	Turne of holl	Yel	low	BI	ue	
		Number < 100	Number ≥ 100	Number < 100	Number ≥ 100	
	Frequency	8				
					······	
•••••						
	b) How can yo	u use your table to	o check that all the	e balls have been	counted?	[1]
•••••						
	c) The 25 balls One ball is c What is the	are placed in a b chosen at random probability that it i	ox. s a yellow ball nu	mbered less than	100?	[2]
	c) The 25 balls One ball is o What is the	are placed in a b chosen at random probability that it i	ox. s a yellow ball nu	mbered less than	100?	[2]
	c) The 25 balls One ball is c	are placed in a b	OX.			





05



(a)	Write down the next two numbers in the following sequence.	[2]
	-19 -15 -11 -7	
(b)	Rods are used to make a sequence of patterns as shown be	low.
/	/ / / /	
Ρ	Pattern 1 Pattern 2	Pattern 3
	Pattern 1 uses six rods.	
	(i) How many rods are required to draw Pattern 4?	[1]
	(ii) Pattern 37 requires 186 rods. How many rods are required to draw Pattern 38?	[1]
(c)	Describe in words the rule used in the following sequence.	[1]
	243 81 27 9	



3300U301 07

			E	xaminer
5.	In thi You	s question, you must use only the numbers 3 and 7 to make other numbers. must only add or subtract.		only
	For e	example, if we wanted an answer of 11, we could write		
		7 + 7 - 3 = 11.		
	Shov	v how you can get each of the following answers.		
	(a)	2	[1]	
	•••••			
	·····			
		Write your solution in the box below.		
		= 2		
	<i>(</i> b)	8	[1]	U301
	(D)	0	[']	3300
	•••••			
	•••••			
		Write your solution in the box below.		
		= 8		
	(C)	19	[1]	
	•••••			
		Write your solution in the box below.		
		= 19		



8

A Venn diagram is used to show the following information:	
 The Universal set, £, is the set of numbers from 10 to 20 inclusive. Set A = {11, 13, 14, 18, 20}. Set B = {multiples of 3}. 	
Draw the Venn diagram that shows the above information.	[4]

3300U301 09

(a)	Factorise 10 <i>a</i> – 15.	[1]
(b)	Solve the following equations. (i) $\frac{x}{7} = 21$	[1]
	(ii) $13f + 2 = 6f + 5$.	[3]
(C)	<i>n</i> is an integer. Tick the correct statement below. You must give an explanation for your decision.	[1]
	5n-3 is always an even number. $5n-3$ is always an odd number. $5n-3$ can be an even number or an odd number.	
	Explanation:	



In the diagram below,	ABCE is a square and CDE is a right-ar	ngled triangle.
You must show all you	ne whole shape <i>ABCDE</i> . ir working.	[4 + 2 OCW]
	4 cm E A A	C B
	Diagram not drawn to scale	

		Examiner
9.	ABCD is a rectangle. AB is parallel to EF. AC, CE and DG are straight lines.	only
	Diagram not drawn to scale	
	Find the size of each of the angles <i>a</i> , <i>b</i> and <i>c</i> . [4	3300U301
		•
		·
	$a = \dots $ $b = \dots $ $c = \dots $ $^{\circ}$	
	11 © WJEC CBAC Ltd. (3300U30-1) Turn over	r.



12

0.	(a)	Express 315 as a product of its prime factors in index form.	[3]	on
	••••••			
	•••••			
	••••••			
	(b)	What is the Highest Common Factor (HCF) of 315 and 42?	[2]	
	•••••			









Examiner

13	The point P is such that:		Examin only
10.	 P lies on the perpendicular bisector of the line AB. 		
	• $BAP = 30^{\circ}$.		
	Using only a ruler and a pair of compasses, show one of the possible positions of <i>P</i> . All construction lines and arcs must be shown.	[4]	
	A	B	



		Examiner
14.	Estimate the value of	Only
	30.21×1.98^3 [3]	
	0.49	
	© WJEC CBAC Ltd. (3300U30-1)	

© WJEC CBAC Ltd.

The .	e Anglesey Show is a two-day event held every August.						
(a)	On the first day, a random sample of 2000 visitors at the show w	/ere asked:					
	Do you live on Anglesey?						
	640 of them answered 'Yes'.						
	What was the relative frequency of those who answered 'Yes'? Give your answer as a decimal.		[1]				
(b)	On the second day a random sample of 3000 visitors at the sho	ow were asked the	e same				
	question. The relative frequency of those who answered 'Yes' on this day	was 0·42.					
	Calculate the relative frequency of those who said they lived on Anglesey when the samples for both days were combined. Give your answer as a decimal.						
	Calculate the relative frequency of those who said they lived samples for both days were combined. Give your answer as a decimal.	on Anglesey wh	en the [4]				
(c)	Calculate the relative frequency of those who said they lived samples for both days were combined. Give your answer as a decimal.	on Anglesey wh	ency of				
(C)	Calculate the relative frequency of those who said they lived samples for both days were combined. Give your answer as a decimal. Which of the following is most likely to give the best estimate for visitors to the show living on Anglesey? Circle your answer Your answer 0.42	on Anglesey wh the relative freque our answer o part <i>(b)</i>	ency of				
(c)	Calculate the relative frequency of those who said they lived samples for both days were combined. Give your answer as a decimal. Which of the following is most likely to give the best estimate for visitors to the show living on Anglesey? Circle your answer. Your answer to part (a) You must give an explanation for your choice.	on Anglesey wh	ency of				



1	Q
1	o

							Exa
16. <i>(a)</i>	(i)	A mass Circle th	is written as 43 ne least possibl	0 kg, correct to th e value of this ma	e nearest 10 kg. ss.		[1]
	420 k	g	425 kg	429∙5 kg	426 kg	424·9 kg	
	(ii)	A time p Circle th	period is written ne least possibl	as 22 seconds, c e value of this tim	orrect to the nea e period.	arest second.	[1]
		22 s	20 s	21 s	21.5s	21·4 s	
	(iii)	A popul Circle th	ation is written ส าe least possibl	as 85 people, corr e value of this poj	rect to the neare oulation.	st five people.	[1]
83 pe	ople	8	31 people	84 people	82 peop	le 80 peo	ple
(b)	Calc Give	ulate (3·4 vour ans	\times 10 ⁻⁵) × 700. wer in standard	l form.			[2]
		5					
••••••							
18		(© WJEC CBAC Ltd.	(3300U30-1)			

			Examin
17.	Arthu	r, Sian and Kezia are all given some £1 coins.	only
	Arthu Sian Kezia	ir receives £ <i>n.</i> is given five times as much money as Arthur. a receives three times as much money as Arthur, plus an extra £7.	
	Sian	was given less money than Kezia.	
	(a)	Write down an inequality in terms of n that illustrates the fact that Sian received I money than Kezia.	less [2]
	(b)	What was the greatest amount of money that Arthur could have been given?	[2]
	·····		
	10		
	10	© WJEC CBAC Ltd. (3300U30-1) IUMO	ver.

The probability that she goes on a tour bus and sees a show at the Millennium Centre is 0- (a) Complete the following tree diagram.	
(a) Complete the following tree diagram.	·24.
Sees a show at Millennium Centre	[4]
Sees a show at Millennium Centre	
Millennium Centre	
Goes on a tour	
0.3 bus	
Does not see a snow at Millennium Centre	
Sees a show at Millennium Centre	
Does not	
go on a tour bus	
Does not see a show at Millennium Centre	
]

(b)	Calculate the probability that Leah does not go on a tour bus and does not see a show at the Millennium Centre. [2]	Examine only
······		
	END OF PAPER	

BLANK PAGE

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE



Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question number(s) in the left-hand margin.	Examiner only
		1
	······	



BLANK PAGE

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE

