Chemistry 1 - Common questions

-	stion nber							
FT	HT	Su	b-section	Mark	Answer	Accept	Neutral answer	Do not accept
7	1	(a)		1	B and F (both needed)			
	l	(b)		1	D			
		(c)	(i)	2	it is a semi metal / metalloid / shows properties of both metal and non-metal (1) must give example of one property of a metal and one of non-metal e.g. conducts electricity but low density	idea of conflicting properties	A	
			(ii)	1	etc. (1) D and E (both needed)			
		(d)	(i)	2	310 - 250 (1) 540 / 60 = 9 g / cm3 (1) cao (2)			
			(ii)	2	measurements are inaccurate / not precise / incorrect credit (1) for basic idea and additional (1) for sensible reason e.g. measuring cylinder not precise enough, only measures to nearest 10cm³ (2) accept any other sensible answers e.g. sample is impure / oxidised or volume (liquid or solid) changes with temperature		human error	

Question
Number

Nur	nber								
FT	HT	Su	b-sect	rion	Mark	Answer	Accept	Neutral answer	Do not accept
8	2	(a) (i) 1			1	battery acid			
			(ii)		1	blood			
			(iii)		1	pure water			
		(b)			3	A copper carbonate (1)	CuCO ₃		
						B copper oxide (1)	CuO		
						C sodium hydroxide (1)	NaOH		

,	stion nber										
FT	НТ	Sub-section		Sub-secti		ion	Mark	Answer	Accept	Neutral answer	Do not accept
9	3				3	nanosilver has antibacterial / antiviral / antifungal properties / kills germs (1) could be absorbed through skin / breathed in (1)	toxic could be released into environment				
						long term effects unknown (1)			can cause		

	tion	
Numl	ber	
FT	HT	
10	4	Indicative content:
		copper – good conductor of electricity = electrical wiring; good conductor of heat = saucepan bases; malleable = water pipes; ductile = electrical wiring; attractive colour and lustre = jewellery
		titanium – hard and strong = hip replacements and rotor blades; low density = rotor blades;
		resistant to corrosion = rotor blades / hip replacements / pipes in chemical industry; high melting point = rotor blades.
		5–6 marks: The candidate constructs an articulate, integrated account correctly linking relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, which shows sequential reasoning. The answer fully addresses the question with no irrelevant inclusions or significant omissions. The candidate uses appropriate scientific terminology and accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar.
		3–4 marks: The candidate constructs an account correctly linking some relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, showing some reasoning. The answer addresses the question with some omissions. The candidate uses mainly appropriate scientific terminology and some accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar.
		1–2 marks: The candidate makes some relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, showing limited reasoning. The answer addresses the question with significant omissions. The candidate uses limited scientific terminology and inaccuracies in spelling, punctuation and grammar.
		0 marks: The candidate does not make any attempt or give a relevant answer worthy of credit.

Chemistry 1 - Higher Tier only questions

	stion nber									
FT	НТ	Su	b-sect	ction Mark Answer		Accept	Neutral answer	Do not accept		
	5	(a)			3	calcium, oxy Na_2CO_3 $Ca(NO_3)_2$	ygen and hydrogen (1) (1) (1)			
		(b)			1	H ₂ C ₂ O ₄		symbols in any order		

•	stion nber							
FT	НТ	Sub-section		Mark	Answer Accept		Neutral answer	Do not accept
	6	(a)		1	melting point increases (down group)			•
		(b)		1	value between –248 and –187			
		(c)		1	all boiling points are below 20°C / below room temperature	all boiling points are negative values / below 0°C	low boiling points	
		(d)		1	unreactive / inert / not flammable		any property from table non-toxic	
		(e)		1	2 3 2	other correct multiples		

carbon capture

and storage

•	stion nber								
FT	HT	Su	Sub-section		Mark	Answer	Accept	Neutral answer	Do not accept
	7	(a)			3	coal contains sulfur impurities (1) (impurities burn to produce sulfur dioxide) which dissolves in rainwater to produce acid rain (1) acid rain kills fish / trees / erodes limestone statues or buildings / causes metals to rust quicker (1)		kills marine life	ozone layer global warming
		(b)	(i)		2	as the amount of coal burnt increases the emission of sulfur dioxide decreases / more coal used as time goes on but less sulfur dioxide released (1) would expect more sulfur dioxide to be released as			

(1)

sulfur dioxide

with limestone

neutralised / reacted

new

technology

more coal is burnt

(introduction of techniques to remove sulfur

dioxide from smoke) e.g. sulfur scrubbing

coal burnt has lower sulfur content

(ii)

	Question Number								
FT	HT	Sub-section		Mark	Answer	Accept	Neutral answer	Do not accept	
	8	(a)			1	a compound containing hydrogen and carbon only			mixture
		(b)			1	each fraction collected across a range of temperatures / several compounds have similar boiling points		melting points	
		(c)	(i)		1	(catalytic) cracking			
			(ii)		1	polymerisation			
		(d)			2	double bond breaks / turns in to single bond (1)			
						molecules join together to form (long) chains (1)			
		(e)			1	non-biodegradable / increased use of landfill / depletion of raw materials produce toxic / harmful gases when burned	can harm wildlife	'harmful' – unless linked to burning	

-	Question Number							
FT	НТ	Sub-section (a)		on Mark	Answer	Accept	Neutral answer	Do not accept
	9			1	0.65		unswei	иссерт
		(b)		1	the greater the current, the more hydrogen produced			
		(c)		2	difference to mean = 0.1 (1) $(0.1 \div 1.3) \times 100 = 7.7\%$ (1) cao (2)			
		(d)		2	2, 2 (1) 2,4 (1)			
		(e)		2	must clearly imply an opinion if yes – award (1) each for up to two advantages if no – award (1) each for up to two disadvantages advantages = doesn't produce carbon dioxide / doesn't contribute to global warming / water is only product / readily available / renewable disadvantages = explosive / storage issues / availability / extraction costs (need for electricity)	don't know – (1) each for one advantage and one disadvantage (2) if opinion given and clearly states that one advantage outweighs one disadvantage (or vice versa)		

	stion nber									
FT	НТ	Answer								
	10	Indicative content: definition of electrolysis i.e. use of electricity to split compounds; anode is positive electrode; cathode is negative electrode; electrolyte is substance being broken down; electrolyte conducts electricity; needs to be molten for ions to move freely; positive aluminium ions attracted to cathode where they gain electrons to form aluminium atoms; negative oxide ions attracted to anode where they lose electrons to form oxygen gas; electrode equations								
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		0 marks: The candidate does not make any attempt or give a relevant answer worthy of credit.								