

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

BIOLOGY 0610/42

Paper 4 Theory (Extended)

May/June 2016

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 80

Published

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Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0610	42

Abbreviations used in the Mark Scheme

separates marking points

/ separates alternatives within a marking point

any valid point

R reject

• **ignore** mark as if this material was not present

accept (a less than ideal answer which should be marked correct)
AW alternative wording (accept other ways of expressing the same idea)
underline words underlined (or grammatical variants of them) must be present

max indicates the maximum number of marks that can be awarded the second mark may be given even if the first mark is wrong

ecf credit a correct statement that follows a previous wrong response
() the word / phrase in brackets is not required, but sets the context

ora or reverse argument

AVP

Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0610	42

Question		Answer		Marks	Guidance Notes
1 (a)	septum;			[1]	
(b) (i)	blood flows through hear backto the same point; one loop to lungs, and or		. ,	[max 1]	
(ii)	high(er), blood pressure allows different blood pre prevent mixing of oxyger allows animals to have h allows animals to be, large	essure in each loop; nated and deoxygena igh metabolic rates;	ated blood;	[max 1]	A more efficient / faster, delivery / removal, of a named blood component e.g. oxygen I maintain blood pressure
(c)	description	name of structure	letter on Fig 1.1		one mark for each correct row
	heart chamber with the thickest muscular wall	left ventricle	C;		
	the blood vessel carrying oxygenated blood to the heart	pulmonary vein	К;		
	the blood vessel that carries oxygenated blood away from the heart	aorta	Р;		
	a blood vessel that carries blood away from the kidneys	renal vein	М;		
	the blood vessel with the largest lumen	vena cava	N	[4]	

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0610	42

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance Notes
(d)	(blood) enters heart at right atrium/A (from the vena cava/N); then atrium contracts; correct ref to atrioventricular valve; then to right ventricle/D; then ventricle contracts; correct ref to semi-lunar valves; then pulmonary artery/J, tolder lungs/O;	[max 4]	R contradictions between letters and structures I valves unqualified
(e) (i)	(more) exercise/AW; stop/less, smoking; reduced stress;	[max 1]	I ref to diet
(ii)	stent; small mesh tube inserted in artery; opens/supports, (narrow/weak) artery; (balloon) angioplasty/dilatation; (tube/catheter with) balloon inserted into artery; inflate balloon to widen artery; by-pass; (another/shunt) blood vessel joined/grafted/replace, artery;	[max 2]	max 1 if no named procedure. I open heart surgery/heart transplants
		[Total: 14]	

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0610	42

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance Notes
2 (a) (i)	single celled/unicellular; no (true) nucleus / no nuclear membrane; loop of DNA; no, (membrane-bound) organelles; e.g. no mitochondria / chloroplasts (peptidoglycan/murein) cell wall; reproduce by binary fission; small(er) /70S, ribosomes; plasmids;	[max 2]	I DNA strand unqualified A naked DNA I flagella, capsule, pili, cilia R cellulose cell wall
(ii)	swim / movement / AW;	[1]	
(b)	harmless/attenuated/dead/AW, form of, (named) pathogen/antigen used; (vaccine) injected/swallowed; ref to specific/unique/AW, antigen; lymphocytes make antibodies; ref to memory cells; ref to active immunity; rapid, immune response/AW, if exposure to same pathogen; herd immunity; AVP; e.g. detail of active immunity/smallpox became extinct	[max 4]	A long term immunity
(c) (i)	12 – 0.4 ; 11.6, <u>au</u> / <u>arbitrary units</u> ;	[2]	
(ii)	large/rapid/immediate increases ; peaks at, $\underline{50}$ s / $\underline{12}$ AU ; then decrease to, around 5 – 4.6 AU/by 125 –150 s ; fluctuates/stays (fairly) constant, between 125 – 150 s and 250 s/4.4 and 4.8 \pm 0.2 AU ;	[max 3]	I comparisons to 'without toxins' on graph A increases and decreases from 50 s

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0610	42

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance Notes
(iii)	active transport; (through) protein (molecules/gates/pumps/AW); (protein) in cell membrane; using, energy/ATP (from respiration); (movement) against a concentration gradient/AW;	[max 3]	
(d) (i)	(small) intestine ;	[1]	A large intestine/duodenum/jejunum/ileum/rectum/colon
(ii)	oral rehydration (therapy/salts/treatment/solution); drink mixture of, sugar/nutrients and, salt/ions; replace lost, water/fluids; water must be, uncontaminated/boiled/sterilised/clean/AW; antibiotics;	[2]	A receive intravenous fluids I drink more water
		[Total: 18]	

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0610	42

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance Notes
3 (a) (i)	 1 cross/breed, (parent) plants with <u>desired</u> feature; 2 (grow seeds and) chose offspring for (desired) feature(s); 3 cross (offspring) plants showing features with, original variety/self/each other; 4 keep/many generations of, crossing and selecting; 5 any detail; e.g. bagging flowers/transfer of pollen (with paintbrush)/detail of seed collection 	[max 3]	
(ii)	 two parents/gametes, are required; variation in offspring/offspring might not all be red; time consuming; AVP; e.g. harvesting seeds/finding pollinators, can be difficult/limited number of seeds/wasteful in context of unused pollen 	[max 2]	I cost / energy
(b)	1 reduction/nuclear, division; 2 chromosome number is halved; 3 (diploid to) haploid; 4 results in genetically different, cells/gametes/AW;	[max 2]	
(c) (i)	F ^A F ^N ;	[1]	
(ii)	pink (flowers);	[1]	ecf from (c)(i)
(iii)	gametes: F ^A , F ^N , F ^A , F ^A ; offspring genotype: F ^A F ^A , F ^A F ^N ; offspring phenotype: red, pink; proportion of pure breeding carnation plants: 50%/1:1/0.5/half;	[4]	
		[Total:13]	

Page 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0610	42

Que	estion	Answer	Marks	Guidance Notes
4 ((a)	movement/diffusion, of water (molecules); from high water <u>potential</u> to low water <u>potential</u> /down water <u>potential</u> gradient; across a partially permeable membrane;	[3]	
((b) (i)	1.0 (mol dm ⁻³ sodium chloride solution);	[1]	
	(ii)	(to remove) excess/surface/AW, water/AW, on potato sticks; to measure the mass of the potato (stick) only;	[max 1]	I inaccurate unqualified R dry mass
((c)	cells/potato sticks, have lost water (by osmosis); from high water <u>potential</u> to low water <u>potential</u> /down water <u>potential</u> gradient; (cells/tissue/potato) were, plasmolysed/flaccid; loss of <u>turq</u> or (pressure); not enough pressure of water pushing on cell walls;	[max 3]	I water concentration I incipient (plasmolysis) A reduced turgidity / description
((d)	protein denatured (when cooked); cell membrane, damaged/destroyed (when cooked); no osmosis will occur;	[max 2]	R killed proteins I killed / denatured, cells I damaged cell wall
			[Total: 10]	

Page 9	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0610	42

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance Notes
5 (a) (i)	testes;	[1]	A adrenal gland / ovaries
(ii)	increases, muscle mass/strength/power; improved recovery of muscle damage/promotes protein synthesis; increase, competitive drive/aggression/AW; increases bone, density/mass;	[max 1]	
(iii)	maintains, uterine lining/endometrium; inhibits, FSH / LH (release);	[max 1]	R uterus wall. I thickens lining
(iv)	oestrogen;	[1]	
(b)	A is most polluted because: greater (overall) concentration of hormones; all hormones at higher concentration except oestrogen; comparative data quote with units; (but) similar levels of oestrogen/(natural) progesterone (to B); B is most polluted because more oestrogen (than A); more types of hormones;	[max 3]	
(c) (i)	Lake B oestrogen decreases (slightly); progesterone/testosterone, increases (slightly); Lake A or Lake B no/little, effect on oestrogen/progesterone/testosterone without ozone; Lake A chlorine with ozone caused, decrease in testosterone/synthetic progesterone/increase in natural progesterone;	[max 2]	A mp 1, 2, 4 as data quotes R little effect on testosterone with ozone
(ii)	make the water safe, to return to the environment / for human use; kill, pathogens/ (harmful) microorganisms/bacteria;	[1]	I germs A disinfectant/sterilisation

Page 10	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0610	42

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance Notes
(d)			I marine and other non-lake ecosystems I unqualified death/extinction throughout
	eutrophication; (aquatic) plants, die/cannot photosynthesise (due to blocked light) algae/ (aquatic) plants/organic material, decayed by bacteria;		A growth of, floating aquatic plants / algae / algal bloom A nutrients in sewage as organic material A microorganisms / decomposers for bacteria
	(aerobic) respiration (by bacteria/decomposers); decreased pH / increased acidity (due to low oxygen); oxygen concentration decreases (due to bacteria /decomposers); (aquatic) animals/fish, migrate/die, due to lack of oxygen;		I <u>all</u> oxygen used up
	disrupted/altered, (aquatic) food chains/habitats; more, flies/mosquitoes; (more) waterborne (named) disease; e.g. cholera/typhoid smelly/visual pollution; toxicity / mutations caused, by heavy metals/sewage;		 A diseases/pathogen in humans or aquatic organisms A biomagnification/bioaccumulation / death of (aquatic) organisms by, heavy metals / toxins / poisons, in sewage
	(female contraceptive) hormones cause feminisation of (aquatic) organisms; (female contraceptive) hormones cause reduced sperm count (in aquatic animals);	[max 6]	A hormone may cause gender change in fish
		[Total : 16]	

Page 11	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – May/June 2016	0610	42

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance Notes
6 (a)	homeostasis/negative feedback;	[1]	
(b) (i)	insulin;	[1]	
(ii)	liver/muscle/pancreas;	[1]	
(iii)	glycogen;	[1]	
(c)	Symptoms: fatigue/AW; thirst/AW; increased urination/glucose in urine/fruity breath/ketosis/flushed face; weight loss/nausea/vomiting/abdominal pain/hunger; blurred vision/glaucoma; behavioural changes/confusion/faint/unconscious/coma(tose)/dizzy/rapid breathing/deep breathing; slow (wound) healing/poor circulation; Treatment: insulin; by injection/insulin pump; regular blood glucose tests; regular meals/controlled diet;	[max 5]	max 3 from either section A weakness I death A meal plan / healthy eating / monitoring carbohydrates / avoid sugary foods, drinks and fruit juices / eat complex carbohydrates / intake of sugar if blood sugar concentration is too low
		[Total: 9]	