Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

## CHEMISTRY

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

0620/11 May/June 2015

45 Minutes

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Soft clean eraser Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

## **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid. Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you. DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers A, B, C and D.

Choose the one you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the separate Answer Sheet.

## Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer. Any rough working should be done in this booklet. A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16. Electronic calculators may be used.

The syllabus is approved for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level1/Level 2 Certificate.

This document consists of 16 printed pages.



1 The changes that occur when a substance changes state are shown below.

solid 
$$\stackrel{W}{\longleftrightarrow}$$
 liquid  $\stackrel{X}{\longleftrightarrow}$  gas

Which process, W, X, Y or Z, is occurring in the following four situations?

- 1 Butter melts on a warm day.
- 2 Water condenses on a cold surface.
- 3 The volume of liquid ethanol in an open beaker reduces.
- 4 Ice forms inside a freezer.

	1	2	3	4
Α	W	х	Y	Z
В	W	Y	х	Z
С	х	Y	Z	W
D	Х	Z	Y	W

**2** A student uses the apparatus shown in the diagram below to measure the volume of carbon dioxide gas made when different masses of marble chips are added to 25 cm<sup>3</sup> of dilute hydrochloric acid.



Which other items of apparatus are needed?

- A funnel and balance
- B funnel and stopwatch
- C measuring cylinder and balance
- **D** measuring cylinder and stopwatch

3 Atoms contain electrons, neutrons and protons.

What is the definition of nucleon number?

- A the number of neutrons in the nucleus of an atom
- **B** the number of protons in the nucleus of an atom
- **C** the total number of neutrons and protons in the nucleus of an atom
- **D** the total number of particles in an atom
- 4 The diagram shows the atomic structure of an element X.



What is X?

- A aluminium
- **B** beryllium
- **C** boron
- D fluorine
- 5 Which statements comparing the properties of electrons, neutrons and protons are correct?

	neutrons and protons are both heavier than electrons	only electrons and neutrons are charged
Α	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
В	$\checkmark$	X
С	x	$\checkmark$
D	×	X

6 Rescuers are drilling through fallen rock in order to rescue some men trapped in a cave. The drill needs lubricating from time to time.

The following statements were made about the materials used for the drill tip and the lubricant and the reasons for their use.

	1	Diamond was used for the drill tip as it does not conduct electricity.							
	2	Diamond w	Diamond was used for the drill tip as it is very hard.						
	3	Graphite w	as used a	s the lubri	cant as it co	onducts el	ectricity.		
	4	Graphite w	as used a	s the lubri	cant as it is	soft and f	flaky.		
Wh	ich state	ments are c	orrect?						
Α	1 and 3	В	1 and 4	С	2 and 3	D	2 and 4		
ln v	vhich cor	npounds ar	e pairs of e	electrons s	hared betw	veen atom	ıs?		
	1	methane							
	2	lead bromi	de						
	3	sodium ch	loride						
Α	1 only	В	2 only	С	1 and 3	D	1, 2 and 3		
Wh	What is the relative formula mass, $M_r$ , of CaCO <sub>3</sub> ?								
Α	50	В	68	С	100	D	204		

9 Copper and hydrogen can each be formed by electrolysis.

At which electrodes are these elements formed?

	copper	hydrogen
Α	anode	anode
В	anode	cathode
С	cathode	anode
D	cathode	cathode

7

8

**10** The diagram shows a failed attempt to copper-plate a pan.



Which action will plate the pan with copper?

- A cooling the copper sulfate solution in an ice bath
- **B** heating the copper sulfate solution to boiling point
- C increasing the voltage from 3 V to 6 V
- **D** making the pan the cathode and the copper the anode

**11** The diagrams show four chemical reactions.

Which reaction is endothermic?



thermal decomposition of limestone

**12** Powdered marble reacts with hydrochloric acid using the apparatus shown.

The gas syringe fills in 36 seconds.



The experiment is repeated using marble chips in place of powdered marble.

How long does it take to fill the gas syringe in this experiment?

- A 9 seconds
- B 18 seconds
- C 36 seconds
- D 72 seconds
- **13** When pink crystals of cobalt(II) chloride are heated, steam is given off and the colour of the solid changes to blue.

$$CoCl_2.6H_2O \rightleftharpoons CoCl_2 + 6H_2O$$

What happens when water is added to the blue solid?

	colour	temperature
Α	changes to pink	decreases
В	changes to pink	increases
С	remains blue	decreases
D	remains blue	increases

14 In which change is chromium(II) oxide, CrO, reduced?



**15** The table shows the pH of four aqueous solutions, W, X, Y and Z.

substance	pН
W	7
Х	9
Y	2
Z	5

Universal Indicator is added to each solution.

Which row shows the colour of each solution after the indicator is added?

	W	Х	Y	Z
Α	blue	green	orange	red
в	green	blue	red	orange
С	orange	red	blue	green
D	red	orange	green	blue

**16** Hydrochloric acid is used to clean metals.

The acid reacts with the oxide layer on the surface of the metal, forming a salt and water.

Which word describes the metal oxide?

- A alloy
- B base
- C element
- D indicator

- **17** Four steps to prepare a salt from an excess of a solid base and an acid are listed.
  - 1 crystallisation
  - 2 evaporation
  - 3 filtration
  - 4 neutralisation

In which order are the steps carried out?

$$\mathbf{A} \quad 2 \to 3 \to 4 \to 1$$

- $\textbf{B} \quad 3 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 4$
- $\textbf{C} \quad 4 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 3$
- $\textbf{D} \quad 4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1$
- 18 Which two compounds give a white precipitate when their aqueous solutions are mixed?
  - A silver nitrate and sodium chloride
  - **B** silver nitrate and sodium iodide
  - **C** sodium hydroxide and copper(II) sulfate
  - D sodium hydroxide and iron(II) chloride
- **19** Which element is in the same group of the Periodic Table as lithium?

	electrical conductivity	density in g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Α	high	0.97
в	high	8.93
С	low	0.07
D	low	3.12

**20** Which properties of the element titanium, Ti, can be predicted from its position in the Periodic Table?

	can be used as a catalyst	conducts electricity when solid	has low density	forms coloured compounds
Α	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	X
В	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	×	1
С	$\checkmark$	x	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
D	×	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$

- **21** The following statements are about elements in the Periodic Table.
  - 1 Their atoms have a full outer shell of electrons.
  - 2 They form basic oxides.
  - 3 They are found in Group 0.
  - 4 They are present in small quantities in the air.

Which statements are correct for the noble gases?

Α	1, 2 and 3	В	1, 2 and 4	С	1, 3 and 4	D	2, 3 and 4
							,

22 In the outline of the Periodic Table below, some elements are shown as numbers.



Which two numbers are metals in the same period?

**A** 1 and 2 **B** 1 and 7 **C** 3 and 5 **D** 5 and 6

**23** Solder is an alloy of lead and tin. It is used for joining pieces of metal.



Which statement about solder is correct?

- A It can be represented by a chemical formula.
- **B** It contains a mixture of lead and tin.
- **C** It contains lead and tin chemically combined.
- **D** It has a higher melting point than lead or tin.

- 24 What is a major use of aluminium?
  - A making brass
  - B making cutlery
  - **C** making electrical wiring
  - D making food containers
- 25 Which row describes the conditions used to make steel from the iron produced by a blast furnace?

	calcium oxide (lime)	oxygen	heat
Α	$\checkmark$	~	$\checkmark$
в	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	x
С	x	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
D	x	$\checkmark$	×

**26** W, X, Y and Z are four metals.

Some properties of these metals are listed below.

- 1 Only W and Z can be extracted by reduction of their oxides with carbon.
- 2 Only X will react with cold water.
- 3 Only Z can be found 'native' (not combined with any other element).

What is the correct order of these metals in the reactivity series (most reactive first)?

**A** X, W, Y, Z **B** X, Y, W, Z **C** Z, W, Y, X **D** Z, Y, W, X

**27** The diagram shows stages in producing drinking water.

In which tank is chlorine added to the water?



- 28 Which gas is not found in clean air?
  - A carbon dioxide
  - B carbon monoxide
  - **C** nitrogen
  - D oxygen

29 Which combination of chemical compounds could be used to produce the fertiliser shown?



- **A** (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, KC*l*
- **B** NH<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>, Ca<sub>3</sub>(PO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>
- C NH<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>, CO(NH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>
- **30** The pollutants released into the air from car exhausts and some power stations include oxides of the type XO and  $YO_{2}$ .

What are X and Y?

	Х	Y
Α	carbon only	nitrogen only
В	carbon only	nitrogen and sulfur only
С	carbon and nitrogen	carbon and nitrogen only
D	carbon and nitrogen	carbon, nitrogen and sulfur

- 31 Which statement about rusting is not correct?
  - A Only oxygen is needed for rusting.
  - B Painting can stop iron gates rusting.
  - **C** Rust is hydrated iron(III) oxide.
  - **D** Water and oxygen are both needed for rusting.
- 32 Carbon dioxide and methane are 'greenhouse gases' which contribute to global warming.

Which process does not increase global warming?

- A burning fossil fuels
- B decay of organic waste
- C farming cattle for beef
- **D** growing crops such as sugar cane

- **33** These statements are about a gas.
  - 1 It is produced by thermal decomposition of a carbonate.
  - 2 It is produced by the fermentation of glucose.
  - 3 It makes up 1% of unpolluted air.
  - 4 It is produced during the production of steel from iron.

Which statements are correct for carbon dioxide?

- **A** 1 and 2 only **B** 1, 2 and 3 **C** 1, 2 and 4 **D** 1, 3 and 4
- 34 The diagram represents a lime kiln.



What leaves the furnace at X?

- A calcium carbonate
- B calcium hydroxide
- C calcium oxide
- D calcium sulfate

35 The structures of four organic compounds are shown.



Which statement is **not** correct?

- **A** Only one of the compounds is an alcohol.
- **B** Only one of the compounds is an alkane.
- **C** Only one of the compounds is unsaturated.
- **D** Only three of the compounds are hydrocarbons.
- 36 Which statement about petroleum is not correct?
  - A It can be separated into useful substances by fractional distillation.
  - **B** It consists mainly of hydrocarbons.
  - **C** It is found underground in many parts of the world.
  - **D** Its main use is for making lubricants and polishes.
- 37 Which statement about alkane molecules is correct?
  - A They burn in oxygen.
  - **B** They contain carbon, hydrogen and oxygen atoms.
  - **C** They contain double bonds.
  - **D** They contain ionic bonds.
- 38 Which statements are correct for ethanoic acid?
  - 1 It contains a carbon-oxygen double bond.
  - 2 It contains two carbon atoms.
  - 3 It decolourises bromine water.
  - 4 It contains an –OH group.
  - A 1 and 2 only
  - **B** 1 and 3
  - **C** 1, 2 and 4
  - **D** 2, 3 and 4

**39** A hydrocarbon A is cracked to make B and hydrogen.

Compound C is formed by the addition polymerisation of B.

To which homologous series do A, B and C belong?

	alkene	alkane
Α	А	B and C
В	В	A and C
С	С	A and B
D	_	A and C

- 40 By which of the following methods is ethanol formed?
  - 1 fractional distillation of petroleum
  - 2 fermentation
  - 3 catalytic addition of steam to ethene
  - A 1 and 2 only
  - B 1 and 3 only
  - C 2 and 3 only
  - **D** 1, 2 and 3

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Helium 2	20 Neon 10	40 Ar Argon	84 Krypton 36	131 <b>Xe</b> 54	Radon Radon		175 Lu Lutetium 71	Lawrencium 103
	19 Fluorine	35.5 <b>C1</b> Chlorine	80 <b>Br</b> Bromine 35	127   lodine 53	At Astatine 85		173 <b>Yb</b> <sup>Ytterbium</sup> 70	Nobelium 102
	16 Oxygen	32 Suffur 16	79 <b>Se</b> Selenium 34	128 <b>Te</b> Tellurium 52	Polonium 84		169 <b>Tm</b> <sup>Thulium</sup>	Mendelevium 101
	14 Nitrogen 7	31 Phosphorus 15	75 <b>AS</b> Arsenic 33	122 <b>Sb</b> Antimony 51	209 <b>Bi</b> smuth 83		167 <b>Er</b> 68	Fermium 100
	12 Carbon 6	28 Silicon	73 <b>Ge</b> Germanium 32	119 <b>Sn</b> 50	207 <b>Pb</b> Lead		165 <b>HO</b> Holmium 67	Einsteinium 99
	5 Boron 1	27 Aluminium 13	70 <b>Ga</b> Gallium 31	115 <b>D</b> Indium 49	204 <b>T 1</b> <sup>Thallium</sup>		162 Dysprosium 66	Californium 98
			65 <b>Zn</b> 30	112 <b>Cd</b> cadmium 48	201 Hg <sup>Mercury</sup>		159 <b>Tb</b> Terbium	BK Berkelium 97
			64 Copper 29	108 <b>Ag</b> Siver	197 <b>Au</b> Gold 79		157 <b>Gd</b> Gadolinium 64	96 Currium
			59 Nickel	106 Pd Palladium 46	195 <b>Pt</b> Platinum 78		152 Eu Europium 63	95 Americium
			59 <b>Co</b> 27 27	103 <b>Rh</b> Rhodium 45	192   <b>r</b> Iridium 77		150 <b>Sm</b> Samarium 62	Plutonium 94
Hydrogen 1			56 <b>Fe</b> Iron	101 <b>Ruthenium</b> 44	190 <b>OS</b> Osmium 76		Promethium 61	Neptunium 93
			55 Manganese 25	Technetium 43	186 <b>Re</b> Rhenium 75		144 Neodymium 60	238 Uranium 92
			52 <b>Cr</b> Chromium 24	96 <b>Mo</b> Molybdenum 42	184 <b>V</b> Tungsten 74		141 <b>Pr</b> 59	Protactinium 91
			51 Vanadium 23	93 Niabium 41	181 <b>Ta</b> Tantalum 73		140 Cerium 58	90 Thorium
			48 Titanium 22	91 Zr Zirconium 40	178 Hf Hafnium 72			iic mass ool ic) number
			45 SC Scandium 21	89 Yttrium 39	139 La Lanthanum 57 *	227 Actinium 89 †	l series eries	<ul> <li>relative atom</li> <li>atomic symt</li> <li>proton (atom</li> </ul>
	9 Beryllium 4	24 Magnesium 12	40 <b>Ca</b> Cakium 20	88 Strontium 38	137 <b>Ba</b> Barium 56	226 <b>Raa</b> 88	anthanoid Actinoid s	a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a
	7 Lithium 3	23 Sodium	39 R Potassium 19	85 <b>Rb</b> Rubidium 37	133 <b>CS</b> Caesium 55	<b>Fr</b> Francium 87	*58-71 Lé †90-103 /	ه Key

## DATA SHEET The Periodic Table of the Elements

Group

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