

Mark Scheme (Results)

June 2014

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE in Chemistry (4CH0) Paper 2CR

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January 2014
Publications Code UG038303

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question number		Answer	Notes	Marks
1 a		cross in box D (neutrons and protons)		1
b		electrons	According side on and on	1
		protons AND electrons electrons	Accept in either order	1
С		cross in box A (2.8)		1
d	i	same number of protons	Reference to atoms or elements not essential	1
		different numbers of neutrons	Do not award M2 if incorrect statement about electrons Max 1 if reference to molecules/compounds/ions	1
	ii	20.2/A _r closer to 20 (than 22)	OWTTE	1
е	İ	unreactive	OWTTE Accept does not react	1
	ii	(atoms) do not (readily) lose/gain electrons OR contain 8 electrons in outer shell/energy level	Accept outer shell complete Accept orbit Ignore references to Group number Ignore stable	1

(Total for Question 1 = 10 marks)

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
2 a i	amount (in moles)	Accept mass/weight	1
	state of (sub)division / (total) surface area / particle size	OWTTE	1
		Accept temperature in place of either of above	
		Ignore references to water or acid	
ii	cross in box C (metal T)		1
iii	cross in box B (hydrogen)		1
b	solution of barium chloride		1
	white precipitate		1
С	cross in box C (potassium)		1

(Total for Question 2 = 7 marks)

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
3 a	(it/iron is) less reactive (than aluminium)	Accept aluminium is more reactive (than iron)	1
		Reject references to ions and oxides	
b	aluminium replaces iron (from a compound)	OWTTE, eg takes the place of	1
		Accept aluminium displaces iron from iron oxide/from its oxide/from a compound	
С	gain/addition of oxygen	Any two for 1 mark each	
		Accept oxygen atom/molecule	
		Accept combines with oxygen / forms aluminium oxide	2
	loss of (three) electron(s)		
	increase in oxidation number/state	Accept actual oxidation numbers if correct (0 to +3)	
d	burning magnesium / magnesium reacting with <u>air/oxygen</u>		1

(Total for Question 3 = 5 marks)

Question number			Answer	Notes	Marks
4	4 a i sugar(s)		sugar(s)	Accept carbohydrate(s)	1
		ii	fermentation		1
		iii	zymase	Accept enzyme(s) / yeast	1
		iv	hydration	Accept addition	1
	b i H H-C-O-H H		н-С-о-н	Accept O-H in any position All atoms and bonds must be shown	1
		ii	propanol/propan-2-ol/2-propanol	Reject propan-1-ol / 1-propanol	1
	C		phosphoric acid / phosphoric(V) acid / H ₃ PO ₄	Accept sulfuric acid / H ₂ SO ₄ Ignore references to dilute Reject phosphoric(III) acid/phosphorous acid	1
			300 (°C)	If both name and formula given, both must be correct Accept a value, or any range, within the range 250-350 (°C)	1
				Accept equivalent value in other units, but unit must be given	

4	d	İ		needs more oxygen (to react)	Accept needs 3 instead of 2.5 O ₂ Accept reverse argument Ignore references to flammability	1
		ii	M1	carbon monoxide / CO	If both name and formula given, both must be correct	1
			M2	poisonous / toxic / causes death IGNORE dangerous/harmful		1
			М3	reduces capacity of blood to carry oxygen	Accept correct reference to haemoglobin	1
					IGNORE references to suffocation/cannot breathe IGNORE blood carries no oxygen	
					M2 & M3 can be awarded if M1 is missing or is a near miss (eg carbon dioxide)	
4	е	i		may explode / gas may leak / cylinder might break / pipe might burst / may catch fire (if gas leaks)		1
		ii		$C_2H_5OH \rightarrow C_2H_4 + H_2O$	Accept CH ₃ CH ₂ OH or displayed formula Ignore state symbols	1
					Reject C₂H ₆ O	

(Total for Question 4 = 14 marks)

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
5 a i	no more precipitate forms OR no more lead(II) sulfate forms	Accept usual alternatives for precipitate Ignore references to fizzing / temperature/ change in colour	1
ii	cross in box D (sulfuric acid)		1
iii	they would obtain sodium nitrate instead OR the filtrate does not contain lead(II) sulfate/the insoluble salt OR the lead(II) sulfate/insoluble salt has already been obtained in step 3 OR they should have used the residue (not the filtrate)	Accept the soluble salt in place of sodium nitrate	1
iv	wash/pour water over the solid/residue warm / heat / place in oven / leave (to dry)	Accept on filter paper/kitchen towel/tissue paper/desiccator	1
V	cross in box C (is insoluble in water)		1
b i	0.15(0) mol for <u>BOTH</u> substances		1
ii	$0.15(0) \div 0.5(00)$		1
	0.3(00) dm ³ / 300 cm ³	Unit needed for mark Correct final answer with no working scores 2	1

(Total for Question 5 = 9 marks)

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
6 a	18.7	Give 1 mark for 18.7 and 27.2 wrong way around	1
	27.2		1
	M2-M1 / (+)8.5		1
b i	1450 ÷ 24000		1
	0.0604(16)	Accept minimum of 2 dp	1
		Award 1 mark for a correct answer using a volume from either experiment 2 or 3	
ii	29.2 ÷ M2 from (b)(i) / 29.2 ÷ 0.0604(16)	Accept 29200 ÷ 0.0604	1
	(-)483(.315678)	Final answer in joules scores 1/2	1
iii	200 × 4.2 × 41.2		1
	(-)34608	Accept minimum of 2 sf	1
		Award 1 mark for a correct calculation using 1875 for the volume of water.	
iv	cross in box B (not all of the heat energy is transferred to the water)		1

6 c i	(4 × C-H) + (2 × O=O)	Accept (4 × 412) + (2 × 496) / 1648 + 992	1
	2640	Deduct 1 mark for each mistake	1
		Ignore sign	
ii	(2 × C=0) + (4 × H-0)	Accept (2 × 743) + (4 × 463) / 1486 + 1852	1
	3338	Deduct 1 mark for each mistake Ignore sign	1
iii	-698 (kJ/mol)	CSQ on answers given to (c)(i) and (c)(ii)	1

(Total for Question 6 = 15 marks)