SurnameCentre<br/>NumberCandidate<br/>NumberOther Names0



GCSE

4471/01

## ADDITIONAL SCIENCE/BIOLOGY

## BIOLOGY 2 FOUNDATION TIER

A.M. TUESDAY, 13 May 2014

1 hour

For Exa	aminer's us	e only
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded
1.	8	
2.	4	
3.	5	
4.	6	
5.	13	
6.	7	
7.	6	
8.	5	
9.	6	
Total	60	

### ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

In addition to this paper you may require a calculator and a ruler.

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer **all** questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.

#### INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

You are reminded that assessment will take into account the quality of written communication used in your answer to question **9**.

PMT

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#### Answer all questions.

- **1.** Read the information about cocoa.
  - Chocolate is made from cocoa obtained from the pods of the cocoa tree.
  - Many trees are killed by disease, pests and climate change.
  - Every year 3.7 million tons of cocoa are produced. 70% is produced in Africa. The rest is produced equally in South America and Asia.
  - By 2015 four million tons of cocoa will be needed to meet the demands of the chocolate industry.
  - A mould causes the pods to rot. Farmers use either chemical pesticides or the fungus, *Trichoderma,* to kill the mould.



healthy cocoa pods



cocoa pods with pod rot

Use the information and your own knowledge to answer the following questions.

(a)	(i)	State <b>two</b> factors which can cause cocoa trees to die.	[1]
		1	
		2	
	(ii)	Why will the loss of cocoa trees be a problem for farmers in the future?	[1]
(b)	Calc	ulate the <b>percentage (%)</b> of cocoa that is produced in Asia.	[1]

.....%





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Examiner only The diagrams below show part of a DNA molecule with a small section in detail. 2. Chains of sugar and phosphate Α G Diagram 1 Diagram 2 Molecules known as A, T, C and G join the chains of sugar and phosphate as shown in (a) the diagrams. What is the general name for these molecules? [1] (i) Underline your answer. acids bases proteins Fill in the two missing letters on the dotted lines in Diagram 2. [1] (ii) (b) (i) Which part of a living cell contains DNA? [1] The diagrams show DNA as a ladder-like structure. (ii) How is the **shape** different in a living cell? [1] 4

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3. The diagram below shows a human cell dividing by mitosis to form two new cells.



(a) (i) Complete the diagram above by writing the number of chromosomes in each of the two new cells. [1]

- (ii) Mitosis enables organisms to grow. State **one** *other* function of mitosis. [1]
- (b) (i) Complete the table which compares mitosis with meiosis.

	mitosis	meiosis
number of new cells from each division	two	
genes in new cells compared to original cell	·····	different

(ii) What is the scientific term for the sex cells (eggs and sperm) which are produced by meiosis? [1]

[2]

4471 010005

6 Examiner only The diagram below shows some food passing through part of the human digestive system. 4. oesophagus bolus of food Name the process by which the food is moved. [1] (a) (i) Food passes through different parts of the digestive system. Which letter, A, B, C or D shows the correct order? (ii) [1] Α stomach oesophagus large small intestine intestine В oesophagus stomach small large intestine intestine С stomach small large oesophagus intestine intestine D oesophagus small stomach large intestine intestine Answer

Examiner only

[3]

## (b) Complete the table below about the digestion of food.

food	enzyme	digested food
	carbohydrase	glucose
fat		fatty acids and

.....

(c) State a function of the *large* intestine.

[1]

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- - (b) Students investigated the activity of the enzyme amylase, at different pH values. They used the same volumes of solutions and the same time at each pH.

pH of solution	amylase activity (a.u.)
6.0	18
6.5	27
7.0	52
7.5	66
8.0	50
8.5	21

#### Results of investigation

- (i) Draw a line graph of the results of the investigation on the grid below by [4]
  - I. choosing a suitable scale for the amylase activity;
  - II. plotting the results onto the grid;
  - III. joining your plots with a ruler.



Amylase activity (a.u.)

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	(ii)	I.	From the grapl amylase.	n opposite, des	scribe in deta	il the effe	ct of pH on t	he activity	of [2]
		11.	Calculate the c Show your wor	lifference in ac king.	ctivity of amyl	ase betwe	en pH 6.2 a	ind pH 7.	
	(iii)	The s Why	students did not did this prevent	keep the temp their investiga	perature cons tion from bei	An stant during ng a fair te	swer g their inves st?	tigation.	.u. [1]
(C)	Biolo the a	ogical v advanta	washing powder age of these pov	rs contain enz wders.	ymes and ar	e often us	ed in the ho	ome. Expla	ain [2]

Examiner

**6.** (a) (i) The diagrams below show an animal cell and the **cell membrane** of a plant cell. Complete the drawing of the plant cell. *No labels are required.* [2]



(i)	Ansv	ver the following questions by placing a tick $[\mathcal{I}]$ in the correct box.	[3]	Examiner only
	I.	In cell <b>A</b> the oxygen molecules move:		
		into the cell		
		out of the cell		
		no net movement.		
	П.	In cell <b>B</b> the oxygen molecules move:		
		into the cell		
		out of the cell		
		no net movement.		
	III.	Into which cell would there be the greater net movement of oxygen:		
		cell A		
		cell B?		
(ii)	Nam	e the process by which the oxygen molecules are moving.	[1]	



Examiner only 7. The model below represents the human thorax (chest) during expiration and inspiration. rubber bung glass tube \_ B bell jar . balloons . air space rubber sheet ~ Complete the following sentences by using one of the following choices. [4] (a) greater the same less Compared to diagram **A**, the 'lung' volume in diagram **B** is ...... (i) (ii) Compared to diagram **A**, the 'lung' pressure in diagram **B** is ...... (iii) Compared to diagram **A**, the 'thoracic' volume in diagram **B** is ...... Compared to diagram **A**, the 'thoracic' pressure in diagram **B** is ...... (iv) Give reasons why the bell jar model above is not a true representation of the human (b) thorax. [2]

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8. Lugworms (*Arenicola marina*) live in burrows in the sand on beaches. At one end of the burrow is a hole and at the other end is a mound of sand, called the cast, which the lugworm has removed from the burrow. Each burrow is occupied by one lugworm only.

Burrow in section

Surface view



© Alan Gravell

Owen was asked by his teacher to estimate the number of lugworms, on a section of Whiteford Beach on Gower, by counting the number of casts.

Owen decided to use  $1 \text{ m}^2$  quadrats to estimate the number of lugworms present in an area of the beach measuring  $80 \text{ m} \times 40 \text{ m}$ .

(a) Which of the following methods would be the correct way for Owen to use the quadrats to sample the number of lugworms? [1]

Tick  $(\checkmark)$  the correct answer.

method	tick (✔)
Place the quadrats where there are lots of casts	
Place the quadrats randomly within the sample area	
Place the quadrats carefully so as not to damage the casts	

Owe The	en counted the number of casts table below shows his results.	s in 10 quadrat samples.	Ex
[	quadrat number	number of casts	
	1	5	
	2	7	
-	3	1	
ľ	4	11	
	5	4	
	6	6	
	7	9	
	8	4	
	9	13	
	10	2	
	Mean		
(ii)	Owen's samples. Estimate the number of lugw equation:	[1] orms in the section of the beach by using the following [2]	] ]
	Estimated M number of = c lugworms	Iean number ofArea of sectionasts per quadrat×of beach	
		Estimated number of lugworms	
Sug of e	ggest why this method of sampli arthworms in an area of grassl	ing would <b>not</b> be suitable for estimating the population and. [1]	1 ]
			. _

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6

Describe the method involved in testing a leaf for the presence of starch. Each of the stages involved in the method should be described in sequence and the reason for 9. carrying out each stage should be included. Your description must include reference to the colour changes shown by the leaf and what these changes indicate. [6 QWC] ..... .....

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### END OF PAPER

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