

Н

GCSE (9-1)

Biology B (Twenty First Century Science)

J257/03: Breadth in Biology (Higher Tier)

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for Autumn 2021

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA) is a leading UK awarding body, providing a wide range of qualifications to meet the needs of candidates of all ages and abilities. OCR qualifications include AS/A Levels, Diplomas, GCSEs, Cambridge Nationals, Cambridge Technicals, Functional Skills, Key Skills, Entry Level qualifications, NVQs and vocational qualifications in areas such as IT, business, languages, teaching/training, administration and secretarial skills.

It is also responsible for developing new specifications to meet national requirements and the needs of students and teachers. OCR is a not-for-profit organisation; any surplus made is invested back into the establishment to help towards the development of qualifications and support, which keep pace with the changing needs of today's society.

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

© OCR 2021

1. Annotations available in RM Assessor

Annotation	Meaning
✓	Correct response
×	Incorrect response
^	Omission mark
BOD	Benefit of doubt given
CON	Contradiction
RE	Rounding error
SF	Error in number of significant figures
ECF	Error carried forward
L1	Level 1
L2	Level 2
L3	Level 3
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
I	Ignore

2. Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
I	alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point
✓	Separates marking points
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

3. Subject-specific Marking Instructions

INTRODUCTION

Your first task as an Examiner is to become thoroughly familiar with the material on which the examination depends. This material includes:

- the specification, especially the assessment objectives
- the question paper
- the mark scheme.

You should ensure that you have copies of these materials.

You should ensure also that you are familiar with the administrative procedures related to the marking process. These are set out in the OCR booklet **Instructions for Examiners**. If you are examining for the first time, please read carefully **Appendix 5 Introduction to Script Marking: Notes for New Examiners**.

Please ask for help or guidance whenever you need it. Your first point of contact is your Team Leader.

The breakdown of Assessment Objectives for GCSE (9-1) in Biology B:

monstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific techniques and procedures. monstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas. monstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific techniques and procedures.
monstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific techniques and procedures.
ply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas and scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
oly knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas.
oly knowledge and understanding of scientific enquiry, techniques and procedures.
alyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate, make judgements and draw conclusions and develop and improve perimental procedures.
alyse information and ideas to interpret and evaluate.
alyse information and ideas to interpret.
alyse information and ideas to evaluate.
alyse information and ideas to make judgements and draw conclusions.
alyse information and ideas to make judgements.
alyse information and ideas to draw conclusions.
alyse information and ideas to develop and improve experimental procedures.
alyse information and ideas to develop experimental procedures.
alyse information and ideas to improve experimental procedures.
r o o ao a o a a a a a a

Q	uestion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
1	(a)	Amino acids Fats Long-chain carbohydrates Glycerol Proteins Sugar	2	1.1	4 correct lines = 2 marks 2/3 correct lines = 1 mark
	(b)	Carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen Carbon, hydrogen, nitrogen, and oxygen Nitrogen and carbon Only carbon	1	1.1	

Q	uestio	n	Answer		Marks	AO element	Guidance	
2	(a)			ample ✓ genetic test (of DN	A or genome) ✓ /faulty/Tay Sachs allele ✓	2	2.1	ALLOW saliva ALLOW genetic screening ALLOW faulty gene
	(b)		Heterozygo	us√		1	2.1	
	(c)		T t probability =	T TT Tt 25% / 0.25 / 1/4 ✓	t Tt tt	3	2.1	1 mark for the gametes transferred correctly 1 mark for the completion of the punnet square ECF for punnet square if gametes incorrect ALLOW correct use of other letters to represent alleles/genotypes ECF for % DO NOT ALLOW ratio
	(d)		continue if retesting amni	sting of embryos (or esult is negative) ✓ otic fluid ✓ /sperm donation ✓	nly allow pregnancy to	2	2.1	ALLOW description of IVF and screening process ALLOW PGD ALLOW amniocentesis/description of procedure ALLOW surrogacy if qualified

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
3	(a)		Tree ✓	1	2.1	IGNORE producer
	(b)		biomass decreases as trophic level increases/along the food chain ✓	3	3.1a	ALLOW up the pyramid
			AND any two from: uneaten ✓		2.1 x 2	ALLOW correct named examples of uneaten parts
			egestion / undigested parts ✓ (cellular) respiration ✓			ALLOW faeces IGNORE waste
			movement ✓			ALLOW correct named examples of movement
			excretion ✓			ALLOW correct named examples of excretion IGNORE waste products
						ALLOW correct reference to heat
	(c)		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 30% award 3 marks	3	2.2 x 2	
			Uses only figures 11 and 37 from diagram ✓ 11 ÷ 37 x 100 ✓		2.2 X Z	
			= 29.729 = 30 (%) (to 1sf) ✓		1.2	29.729 / 29.73 / 29.7 = 2 marks
						ALLOW 1 mark for any number to 1 sig fig where no working or value is incorrect

C	Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
4	(a)		ethene ✓	1	1.1	
	(b)		auxin ✓	1	1.1	
	(c)		LH✓	1	1.1	
	(d)		ADH ✓	1	1.1	
	(e)		Thyroxine ✓	1	1.1	
	(f)		Progesterone ✓	1	1.1	ALLOW oestrogen and progesterone IGNORE oestrogen on its own

C	Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance	
5	(a)		(DNA in eukaryotes is) in the nucleus / found as chromosomes ✓ (DNA in prokaryotes is) found in the cytoplasm/floats freely in the cytoplasm / found as plasmids/circular pieces of DNA ✓	2	1.1	ALLOW ref to some DNA being stored in eukaryote organelles (mitochondria / chloroplast)	
	(b)	(i)	Any three from: is a polymer made of two strands ref to double helix each strand is made of monomers/nucleotides (nucleotides) are formed from a sugar, phosphate, and base there are four bases/ bases A, T, C and G/correct ref to complementary base pairs ✓	3	1.1	ALLOW labelled drawing of nucleotide	
		(ii)	Any one from: a feature (is often) a result of many genes/polygenes/only some features are a result of single gene inheritance ✓ environment plays a role (in the phenotype) ✓	1	2.1	ALLOW idea of gene interactions to determine a feature	

Q	uest	ion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
6	(a)	(i)	Cheviot and East Friesian✓	2	2.1	
			AND any one from: less wool on backside so less urine on backside/less smell of urine so blowfly are not attracted less blowfly attracted so less eggs laid/ less maggots likely to hatch✓			ALLOW easier to see if there is flystrike
		(ii)	Any two from: allow male and female selected to breed select offspring with desired characteristics breed again / continue for many generations ✓	2	1.1	IGNORE named sheep breed
	(b)	(i)	Any two from: idea that adds equal volumes of milk and number of drops of Benedict's to milk ✓ add solutions to a test tube and swirl/gently shake ✓ heat (to 95 °C) ✓ correct reference to suitable heating apparatus ✓ AND	3	2.2 x 2	
			observes the different colours that result/ idea of semi quantitative result✓		3.2a	ALLOW description of semi quantitative result
		(ii)	Biuret ✓	1	1.2	

C	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance	
7	(a)	(i)	x and y axes correct and labelled ✓ axes scales correct ✓	3	1.2	if a line graph is drawn max 2 marks X axis scale for line graph must be equidistant	
			all bars plotted correctly√			ALLOW +/- half square tolerance	
		(ii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 62.9 % award 3 marks	3			
			140 000 − 52 000 = 88 000 ✓		2.2 x 2	ECF for incorrect calculated difference	
			88 000 ÷ 140 000 x 100 OR 0.62857 √			ALLOW percentage change calculation where no calculated difference shown	
			62.857=62.9(%) (3sf) ✓		1.2	ALLOW 1 mark for any number to 3 sig figs where no working or value is incorrect	
	(b)		Any two from:	2	2.1	Assume "it" refers to Devil Facial Tumour Disease	
			Devil Facial Tumour Disease (DFTD) is communicable / (human) cancer is non-communicable ✓			ALLOW DFTD is transmissible / (human) cancer is not transmissible/not spread from one person to another/not spread by biting ✓	
			Devil Facial Tumour Disease (DFTD is not caused by a mutation / (human) cancer is caused by a mutation ✓				
			some human cancers can be caused by lifestyle factors e.g. smoking, alcohol√				
			ref to genetic cause in humans√				

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
(c)	use genetic/genome testing ✓ to see if the parent and offspring have the same allele ✓	2	3.3a	
	OR			
	description of breeding experiments e.g. breed resistant with resistant or resistant with non-resistant ✓ genetic test/screen offspring for allele ✓			
	OR			
	sample population over time ✓ you would expect to see greater numbers in the population over time due to natural selection ✓			

C	uestion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
8	(a)	Any two from: the number of chemicals the beetles are resistant to is increasing ✓ idea that there are less chemicals available to control the pest ✓ how this increase in resistance will reduce the potato crop in the future / wipe out potato crops ✓ AND any one from: from 1975-2000 resistance doubled✓ rate is rapid after 2000✓	3	3.2b x 2	
	(b)	Any one from: use a natural predator ✓ introduce a competitor ✓	1	2.1	ALLOW biological control/ description of biological control/named predators ALLOW genetically engineer crops to be insect resistant
	(c)	Any two from: increasing (human) population ✓ changing diets (in wealthier populations) ✓ (new) pathogens ✓ environmental change/climate change ✓ unsustainable farming practices/unsustainable use of resources ✓ (increasing) cost of agricultural inputs ✓	2	1.1	ALLOW named examples e.g. drought, floods ALLOW named examples e.g. overfishing

Q	uestion	Answer (phagocytes)engulf (and digest) pathogens ✓ (lymphocytes) produce antibodies produces memory cells ✓		AO element 1.1	Guidance ALLOW description/named pathogen
9	(a)				
	(b)	speeds up (transmission) of electrical impulses ✓	1	1.1	ALLOW insulates the axon/neuron
	(c)	stem cells are unspecialised cells ✓	2	1.1	ALLOW stem cells can become specialised cells
		they can differentiate into the (blood) cells killed by chemotherapy ✓		2.1	
					ALLOW idea that stem cells need to be transferred after chemotherapy, so they are not killed by the chemotherapy
	(d)	idea that patients had advanced MS this treatment whilst risky could be more beneficial ✓	1	2.1	ALLOW any sensible suggestion
		idea that this treatment could be the only option now available to treat their MS ✓			DO NOT ALLOW only option unqualified
					DO NOT ALLOW a high percentage showed no sign of disease because the question is about the patients taking part in that study
	(e)	(it is a peer reviewed journal so) the findings have been reviewed/checked by other scientists✓	1	2.1	
	(f)	Any one from: long term (side) effects not known ✓	1	2.1	ALLOW some of those not followed could have died because of the trial drug
		not much data on whether the benefits last beyond 3			alea because of the thai arag
		years√ idea that you don't know what happened to the other			
		patients that took part in the study ✓ idea that the sample size is already small, and by having			
		only half followed up after 3 years, this means that sample size is even smaller and therefore less			
		significant/representative ✓			

Qı	uestion	Answer		AO element	Guidance
10	(a)	Any three from: at low / high temperatures the rate is low ✓ idea that as temperature increases the rate increases but only up to a point ✓ highest rate is at the optimum (temperature) ✓ if optimum/(temperature) is exceeded rate decreases ✓ enzymes denature/enzyme active site changes shape at temperatures beyond the optimum ✓	3	1.1	ALLOW as temperature increase the rate will increase up to the optimum (temperature) = 2 marks ALLOW 37 °C for optimum temperature ALLOW rate will decrease at higher temperatures because enzymes denature = 2 marks
	(b)	toad ✓ idea that (toad) optimum is 15°C which is close to the14 °C optimum (on graph)✓	2	2.1	

Qu	estion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance	
11	(a)	general trend gonorrhoea is increasing in numbers ✓ identifies difference between rate of increase pre or post 2010 ✓ AND any one from: less people using barrier contraceptives/named barrier contraceptives ✓ poor infection detection rates (so continues to transmit) ✓	3	3.1a x 2 2.1	ALLOW more unprotected sex DO NOT ALLOW a lack of contraception	
	(b)	Any two from: the resistance problem is likely to worsen idea that not many drugs are in development so future treatment could be problematic doctors are unable to treat gonorrhoea in some patients (resistance/lack of drugs in development) with few drugs able to treat gonorrhoea the number of cases is likely to increase idea that gonorrhoea is likely to become resistant to new drugs developed	2	3.2a	ALLOW idea that development of drugs is slow/new drugs are not currently available	
	(c)	for safety ✓ for efficacy/effectiveness (people with disease only) ✓	2	1.1	ALLOW harmful side effects for safety ALLOW a description of efficacy DO NOT ALLOW shows how effective the drug is when stated this is an outcome from both groups	

Qu	Question		Answer			Marks	AO element	Guidance	
12	(a)		Statement	Both insulin and glucagon	Only Insulin	Only Glucagon	3	1.1	6 correct ticks = 3 marks 5 correct ticks = 2 marks 4 correct ticks = 1 mark
			Decreases the amount of blood glucose		√				
			Increases the amount of blood glucose			√			
			Increases the rate of glucose uptake by cells		√				
			Produced by the pancreas	✓					
			Stimulates the conversion of glucose to glycogen		√				
			Stimulates the conversion of glycogen to glucose			✓ ✓✓✓			
	(b)	(i)	FIRST CHECK THE A If answer = x 500 aw correct measurement	ard 2 marks from A to B =	;	RLINE	2	1.2	ALLOW 2mm margin of error on measurement
			conversion to 40 000 μ Division of 40 000 by 8		•			2.2	ECF incorrect measurement/incorrect converted measurement evaluated correctly

Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance
		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 4.985×10^5 award 3 marks correct conversion out of standard form = 1500 and $500000\checkmark$ $500,000 - 1500 = 498500\checkmark$ correct conversion back into standard form $4.985 \times 10^5 \checkmark$	3	1.2	ALLOW 498 500 = 2 marks ALLOW an incorrect calculated number that has been correctly converted to standard form award 1 mark

Qu	ıestion	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
13	(a)	6 CO ₂ + 6 H ₂ O ✓ → C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ + 6 O ₂ ✓	2	1.2	
	(b)	the rate of photosynthesis depends on light intensity✓	2	1.1	ALLOW as light intensity decreases rate of photosynthesis decreases ORA
		when the distance is doubled (20 cm compared to 10cm) the light intensity is one quarter ($\frac{1}{4}$ or $\frac{1}{2}$) \checkmark		2.1	ALLOW correct demonstration using inverse square law to show that the light intensity has increased at 10cm/decreased at 20cm
	(c)	A −light intensity B − temperature C − carbon dioxide concentration/ temperature ✓	4	3.2a x 1	All 3 points must be correct for 1 mark
		Justification A (must be light intensity) as when light intensity increases the rate increases ✓		3.2b x 3	Award 1 mark for each justification.
		B – (must be temperature) as on the second line increasing temperature increases the rate further ✓			
		C (could be temperature) don't know if increasing the temperature beyond 30 would have any effect			
		OR C (could be carbon dioxide) temperature is high suggesting could be another limiting factor ✓			ALLOW idea water will not be the limiting factor as the plant is submerged in water.

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)
The Triangle Building
Shaftesbury Road
Cambridge
CB2 8EA

OCR Customer Contact Centre

Education and Learning

Telephone: 01223 553998 Facsimile: 01223 552627

Email: general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk

www.ocr.org.uk

For staff training purposes and as part of our quality assurance programme your call may be recorded or monitored

